PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862.--VOL. 17. PORTLAND, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1880. {ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER} TERMS $8.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

Published every day (Sundays excepted) by the

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.,

AT 109 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND.

TERMS: Eight Dollars a Year. To mail subscribers Seven Dollars a Year, if paid in advance.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS

is published every THURSDAY MORNING at $2.50 a year, if paid in advance at $2.00 a year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One inch of space, the length of column, constitutes a "square."

$1.50 per square, daily first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions or less, $1.00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00: 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and "AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State), for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

PORTLAND THEATRE.
FRANK CURTIS, LESSEE AND MANAGER.

FOUR NIGHTS ONLY.

Commencing Wednesday, February 4th,

—AND—

2.30 MATINEE, SATURDAY, 2.30

MR. CLINTON HALL,

and the most talented Comedy Organization in existence, in Theodore Sayres' laughable Comedy,

THE STRATEGISTS,

played by Mr. Hall 50 consecutive nights in New York and 16 consecutive nights in Boston.
Seats now on Sale. fe2d1w

Gilbert's Dancing Academy.

ASSEMBLIES

Every Thursday Evening.

Class in WALTZING and the GERMAN meets every Tuesday evening. ja17tf

GRAND

Promenade Concert

IN AID OF THE

STARVING POOR IN IRELAND,

—AT—

CITY HALL,

Monday Evening, Feb. 9th.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

James Cunningham, Chas. McCarthy, D. O'C. O'Donoghue, Thomas Hassett, William McAleny, John Davis, Edward Duddy, Thomas Welch, B. Wren, T. P. McGowan, E. Brady, B. C. Donahue, Wm. McAleney, James Connellan, Frank Cunningham, Daniel Mannix, John Gallagher, William Melaugh, Patrick McGowan, John Reardon, Patrick Bradley, J. J. Lappin, T. F. Hartnett, John Lawler, B. E. McDonough, A. Bennett, Jas. Quinn.

COMMITTEE ON ENTERTAINMENT.

J. J. Lynch and Aids.

Tickets $1.00, admitting gentleman and lady. Ladies' gallery tickets 50 cents. Tickets for sale at Patrick McGowan's, Catholic Bookseller, at all principal grocery stores, at the door and by the General Committee. fe3d1w

PORTLAND THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY,

TUESDAY EVENING FEB. 10.

Return of the Favorites,

PAT ROONEY'S

New York Combination.

Entire Change of Programme

Reserved Seats for Sale at the Box Office.
feb7 d3t

GRAND BALL.

Seventh Anniversary of

Munjoy Lodge No. 6

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

At City Hall,

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 11, 1880.

FLOOR TICKETS, - $1.00

Admitting Gent and Ladies.

Gallery Tickets, - 25c each.

GRAND MARCH at 8 o'clock, SHARP.

MUSIC BY

Chandler's Full Quadrille Band.

All Knights are requested to appear in uniform.

Tickets can be obtained at the stores of George C. Frye, F. T. Meaher, F. L. Bartlett, and Hill & Co. Also of the Committee of Arrangements:

CHAS. F. SWETT,
A. M. SAWYER, WYER GREEN,
CHAS. A. ROBINSON, WM. E. BUCKNAM.
fe4 dtd

MENDELSSOHN'S ORATORIO OF

SAINT PAUL,

BY THE HAYDN ASSOCIATION,

At Union Hall, Thursday Eve., Feb. 12,

For the benefit of the Maine General Hospital.

TICKETS 50 CENTS.

Number limited to capacity of hall. For sale at Stockbridge's, Hawes, and Collins & Buxton's Music Stores. feb4d8t

COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of OWEN & BARBER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner is authorized to sign in liquidation.

OWEN & BARBER.

Portland, Feb. 2, 1880.

THE undersigned will continue the business in Fruit and Confectionery, at the old stand, No. 13 Exchange street, under the firm name of R. Y. BARBER & SON, and will be pleased to meet all old friends and many new ones, promising courteous attention and the best of goods at bottom prices.

R. Y. BARBER.
R. A. BARBER.
feb6d1w

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing in the firm name of LENNON & CAREY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to the late firm will please make payment at once. Any one holding any charge against the said firm will please forward their charge to LENNON, who will pay all debts against the same. LENNON remains in the same shop, 168 Federal street, and will be happy to see all his old customers, and many new ones. LENNON as a horse shoer is second to none.

Portland, Feb. 2, 1880. feb4d1w

EDUCATIONAL.

Instruction in English and Classical Studies.

Given to private pupils by the subscriber.

J. W. COLCORD,

143 Pearl Street.
jan24 dtf

GEORGE A. LIBBY,

Teacher of the Organ,

258 MIDDLE STREET.
no1 d1y

GERMAN LANGUAGE.

THE undersigned having just returned to Portland from a six years' residence in Hanover, Germany, where he made the study of that language a specialty, is prepared to give lessons in German to a limited number of pupils.

WALTER A. FORD,
Address. No. 30 High Street
ja20dee d1m

dec23 eod&eow3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE

Admiration

OF THE

WORLD.

A NOTABLE EVENT!

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

World's Hair Restorer

IS PERFECTION!

A NOBLE RECORD THROUGH NEAR HALF A CENTURY.

ESTABLISHED 1832. IMPROVED 1879.

The nature of the great improvement is in its wonderful life-giving properties to faded or falling hair, and MORE QUICKLY CHANGING GRAY OR WHITE HAIR to its natural youthful COLOR and BEAUTY.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It requires only a few applications to restore gray hair to its youthful color and lustrous beauty, and induce luxuriant growth, and its occasional use is all that is needed to preserve it in its highest perfection and beauty. DANDRUFF is quickly and permanently removed.

Sold by all Druggists, $1.25 per Bottle.

MANUFACTORIES AND SALESROOMS:
114 & 116 SOUTHAMPTON ROW, LONDON, ENG.
37 BOULEVARD HAUSSMANN, PARIS, FRANCE.
35 BARCLAY ST., AND 40 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.
jan19 d1awS&w1am6m4

ONLY THIS

And Nothing More!

The Bottom Dropped out of our Prices.

GIGANTIC REDUCTIONS

Made in every Department.

HEAVY WEIGHT CLOTHING

—FOR—

Men, Boys and Children,

Sold for a Mere Song,

To make room for our new SPRING GOODS now in process of Manufacture.

DROP IN AND SEE OUR WONDERFUL BARGAINS.

C. D. B. FISK & CO,

UNDER PREBLE HOUSE,

CONGRESS ST.
feb5 dtf

Syrup of Cedron

—FOR—

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Catarrh and all diseases

OF THE THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

We offer no reward for a better article but we are willing to let the people decide whether the rewards offered by **others** do not belong to us.

SYRUP OF CEDRON — Cures more cases of Croup than all other remedies.

SYRUP OF CEDRON — Never tightens, but LOOSENS the Cough.

These are FACTS, and one trial will satisfy the most skeptical. We do not tell you that Syrup of Cedron will cure Consumption, but we do tell you that *it will prevent it* if taken in time, also that it will afford *greater relief* to the poor consumptive than any known remedy.

Trial Size 25c. Regular Size $1.

Prepared by

WIGGIN & CO., - - - - Rockland, Me.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
no25 TT&S&w6m

WHY INVEST IN

California, Nevada and New Mexico

MINING STOCKS

When you can buy MAINE MINING STOCKS as likely to pay dividends as any of our Western mines. Buy on the low markets and get the rise. I have for sale the following

MAINE MINING STOCKS:

Douglass Copper,
Atlantic Copper,
Blue Hill Copper
Gouldsboro' Silver,
Cherryfield Silver,
Grant Silver,
Acton Silver.

JOHN S. MORRIS,

22 Exchange Street, Portland.
no11 dtf

THE WORLD-WIDE FAME

OF THE CELEBRATED

McPhail Pianos

has been acquired by intrinsic merit. M. PAULUS, Leader of the great FRENCH BAND, and hosts of musicians testify to their surpassing excellence.

SOLD WHOLESALE & RETAIL BY

Samuel Thurston,

3 Free St. Block, - PORTLAND.
no15 tf

Mining Stocks

Bought and Sold

—BY—

T. H. MANSFIELD & CO.,

at 67 Exchange Street,

PORTLAND, MAINE,

also Auction Sales of the same

EVERY SATURDAY,

at 10 o'clock A. M.
ja10 dtf

BONDS WANTED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Maine Central Railroad Company will pay par and accrued interest for any of the Bonds of the Portland & Kennebec Railroad Company, due October 15, 1883 (known as the McKeen Bonds) on presentation thereof, at the office of the Treasurer in Portland.

Per order of the Directors.

J. S. CUSHING, Treas.
Portland, Jan. 30, 1880. ja30d3w

FISH NETTINGS.

H. & G. W. LORD,

111 Commercial St., Boston.

MANUFACTURERS OF FISH NETTINGS of every description for the Atlantic Coast. MACKEREL, PORGY and HERRING NETTINGS, made from genuine HAWSER and CABLE laid HADLEY TWINE, the Best in the market.

Orders, Large or Small, filled promptly, at short notice.

LOWEST PRICES.

de9 T.Th&S2m&w6m51

BEFORE BUYING Your Boots and Shoes will you call and examine my stock of Goods.

LOOK AT MY PRICES!

Ladies' Fr. Kid $3.00, $3.75, $4.25; Ladies' Am. Kid $1.50, $2.00, $2.75; Misses' Water Proof only $1.00.

A full line of Men's Boys' and Youths' Bal., Cong. and. Button Boots; also a good assortment of Children's and Infant's Shoes. Ladies Boots made to order at lowest cash prices at

F. W. DEARBORN'S,

381 CONGRESS STREET.

Repairing of all kinds promptly done. ja20d3m

Orders of Dances!

The latest and prettiest thing for

ORDERS OF DANCES.
DINNER CARDS,
BUSINESS CARDS, Etc.,

—IN—

Lowell's Celebrated Steel Plate Engraved Covers.

A full line on hand. Please call and examine.

W. M. S. LOWELL,
CARD PLATE ENGRAVER,
191 Middle Street, Portland, Me.
ja20 eodtf

CHOICE MOLASSES.

CHOICE PONCE P. R.
" ST. JOHNS.
" BARBADOES.
" CIENFUEGUS.

—ALSO—

100 BBLS. DIFFERENT GRADES NEW CROP N. O. MOLASSES.

—FOR SALE BY—

SMITH, GAGE & CO.

92 COMMERCIAL STREET,
ja27d3w PORTLAND, ME.

INSURANCE.

MARINE INSURANCE!

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insuranec Co.

OF NEW YORK,

INSURE AGAINST MARINE RISKS ONLY.

This Company will take risks at their offices, New York, on Vessels, Cargoes and Freights, and issue open policies to merchants, making risks binding as soon as water-borne.

ASSETS,

$13,320,463.16.

Dividends to Policy Holders on Premiums Terminating in 1878.

30 PER CENT.

Losses Paid in Thirty Days After Proof.

J. D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice President,
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice President,
A. A. RAVEN, 3d Vice President

John W. Munger,

CORRESPONDENT,

OFFICE 166 FORE STREET,

PORTLAND.
feb13 d1mteod1m&w6w

THE TWENTIETH

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE

EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of the United States

HENRY B. HYDE, President.

For the Year Ending December 31, 1879.

Amount of Ledger Assets, Jan. 1, 1879	$34,195,368.53
Less Depreciation in Government Bonds, and appropriation to meet any depreciation in other assets.	296,545.79
	$33,898,822.74

INCOME.

Premiums	$6,396,400.15
Interest and Rents	1,950,680.70
	$42,245,903.59

DISBURSEMENTS.

Claims by Death and Matured Endowments	$2,439,331.97
Dividends, Surrender Values and Annuities	2,326,422.12
Discounted Endowments	223,117.00
Total Paid Policy Holders	**$4,988,871.09**
Dividend on Capital	7,000.00
Agencies and Commissions	588,849.66
General Expenses	598,918.24
State, County and City Taxes	81,266.98
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	$6,264,905.97
NET CASH ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1879.	$35,980,997.62

ASSETS.

Bonds and Mortgages	$10,475,062.90
Real Estate in New York and Boston, and purchased under foreclosure	8,204,796.02
United States Stocks	5,488,978.89
State Stocks, City Stocks, and Stocks authorized by the laws of the State of New York	6,696,039.53
Loans secured by United States and State and Municipal Bonds, and Stocks authorized by the Laws of the State of New York.	3,673,700.00
Cash on hand, in banks and other depositories, on interest and in transit (since received)	1,215,194.58
Due from Agents on account of Premiums	227,225.70
	$35,980,997.62
Market value of Stocks and Bonds over cost	348,006.17
Interest and Rents due and accrued	344,342.96
Premiums due and in process of collection	100,470.00
Deferred Premiums	593,025.00
Total Assets, Dec. 31, 1879	**$37,266,841.73**
TOTAL LIABILITIES, including Legal Reserve for re-insurance of all existing policies	29,851,434.00
Total Undivided Surplus	**$7,515,407.75**
Of which belongs (as computed) to Policies in general class	3,945,857.75
Of which belongs (as computed) to Policies in Tontine class	3,569,550.00

Risks Assumed in 1879, $26,502,541.00.

From the undivided surplus, revisionary dividends will be declared available on settlement of next annual premium, to ordinary participating policies.

The valuation of the policies outstanding has been made on the American Experience Table, the legal standard of the State of New York.

G. W. PHILLIPS, } ACTUARIES.
J. G. VAN CISE, }

We, the undersigned, have, in person, carefully examined the accounts, and counted and examined in detail, the assets of the Society, and certify that the foregoing statement thereof is correct.

BENNINGTON F. RANDOLPH,
JYMES M. HALSTED, HENRY S. TERRELL,
THOMAS A. CUMMINS, ROBERT BLISS,

Special Committee of the Board of Directors, appointed October 22, 1879, to examine the assets and accounts at the close of the year.

JAMES W. ALEXANDER,
Vice-President.

SAMUEL BORROWE, Secretary.

Medical Examiners,
E. W. LAMBERT, M. D. EDWARD CURTIS, M.D.
E. W. SCOTT, *Superintendent of Agencies.*

J. F. CLARK,

Manager for Me. and N. Hampshire

65 Exchange Street,

PORTLAND, ME.
feb3 eod3w

Mutual Benefit

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

NEWARK, N. J.

Incorporated 1845. Purely Mutual.

Assets, Jan. 1, 1879 (par values)	$33,470,782.28
Liabilities (Mass. Standard)	31,113,357.63
Surplus, including dividends of 1879	$2,357,424.65
Surplus on New York Standard (market values)	$5,937,161.18

OFFICERS.

LEWIS C. GROVER, President.

B. C. Miller, Treasurer. J. B. Pearson, Vice-Pres't.
E. A. Strong, Secretary. B. J. Miller, Actuary.
H. N. Congar, Adjuster. F. H. Teese, Counsel.

B. B. PECK, State Agent

For Maine and New Hampshire,

NO. 28 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND, MAINE.
jan13 eod2m

The Penn Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE CO'Y

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated in 1847. Purely Mutual.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1880	**$7,031,318.84**
Surplus over Liabilities,	**1,502,371.33**

Total Premiums received from Policy Holders,		$15,013,599.72
Total payments made to Policy Holders.	$10,223,338.16	
Assets belonging to Policy Holders,	7,031,318.84	
		$17,254,705.00
Excess of Assets, and Payments over Premium receipts		$2,241,105.28

Surplus returned annually in reduction of premiums or to increase insurance. Policies non-forfeitable by the rules of the company. Endowment policies issued at Life Rates.

A. M. AUSTIN,

GENERAL AGENT FOR

Maine and New Hampshire,

188 Middle St.,

PORTLAND, ME.

ACTIVE AGENTS WANTED
no21 d3m

TRY ALLEN GOW'S

PURE CANDIES,

Fresh Every Day and Strictly Pure.

NO. 566 CONGRESS STREET.

ap29 PORTLAND, ME. d1y

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7.

EVERY regular attaché of the PRESS is furnished with a *Card* certificate signed by Stanley Pullen, Editor. All railway, steamboat and hote managers will confer a favor upon us by demanding credentials of every person claiming to represent our journal.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

MAINE STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

The Maine State Temperance Society will meet in Mass Convention in

MEONIAN HALL, AUGUSTA,

—ON—

Wednesday, February 11th, 1880, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

and continue through Wednesday and Thursday.

The Maine State Temperance Society is composed of members of all temperance organizations in the State, and is designed to be the medium through which they can unitedly act in the use of all honorable measures for the final overthrow of the drinking system and the liquor traffic.

We cordially invite all friends of the temperance cause to meet with us on this occasion, in order to secure a more perfect union; to devise measures to educate the masses upon the drinking system; to strengthen the moral sentiment of the people upon the drink traffic; to advise upon the question of more stringent enactments for the suppression of drinking and selling intoxicating liquors; to take into consideration the willful neglect and refusal of executive officers of towns, cities and counties to enforce the laws upon the statutes of the State, prohibiting the traffic in intoxicating liquors: and to consider any and all questions bearing upon these subjects.

The exigencies of the times demand that we should vote for none but honest men and honest officials to enforce the laws; and that obedience to all laws being the paramount duty of all people, they should demand a thorough, impartial and non-partisan enforcement of law against the dram shop, as well as all other laws for the protection of the people, as the only safeguard of our institutions and homes.

The usual reduction of fare may be expected on the railroads.

Augusta, January 22, 1880.

JOSHUA NYE, *President.*
L. W. STARBIRD, *Secretary,*
D. W. LELACHEUR, *Treasurer.*

Executive Committee—A. J. Chase, 1st District; Frank L. Dingley, 2d District; R. W. Dunn, 3d District; M W. Hall, 4th District; Geo. E. Brackett, 5th District.

Vice Presidents—Jordan Rand, Androscoggin; B. J. Smith, Aroostook; H. A. Shorey, Cumberland; Josiah Emery, Franklin; Reuben Rand; Hancock; J. K. Osgood, Kennebec; W. W. Perry, Knox; James A. Hall, Lincoln; W. T. Eustis, Oxford; J. S. Wheelwright, Penobscot; R. L. Merrill, Piscataquis; B. F. Tallman, Sagadahoc; Frank Kenrick, Somerset; W. M. Wood, Waldo; N. B. Nutt, Washington; D. B. Randall, York.

MAINE WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

The State W. C. T. U., will hold a Mass Convention in the Methodist Church, Foss Street, Biddeford,

Wednesday and Thursday, February, 4th and 5th.

All Auxiliary Unions are earnestly requested to send delegates. Every Aid Society in our State is cordially invited to send delegates. Half-fare tickets will be granted on M. C. R. R., good from 3d to 7th, inclusive. Homes will be assigned to delegates and visitors, sending name and address to Mrs. G. N. Weymouth, Biddeford.

MRS. L. M. N. STEVENS, Pres.,
MRS. C. C. HUNT, Cor. Sec.

THE BLACK LIST.

Here is the list in black letters of the men who, by an unhappy accident being in important official positions, deliberately abused their trust, perverted the laws which it was their sworn duty to execute justly and impartially according to their spirit and intent, who sought by wicked trickery to thwart the will of the people as expressed at the polls and who not only brought disgrace upon themselves but smirched the fair fame of the State whose officials they unfortunately were. Their names and places should be known of all men that they may receive the just punishment of being regarded as infamous by all good citizens and that the rising generation may learn by their example the folly of being wicked. To this list is appended the names of such other men as have taken offices to which they knew they were not elected, and who become equally guilty by taking advantage of the vile conduct of the original malefactors:

GOVERNOR,

ALONZO GARCELON.....Lewiston

COUNCILLORS,

FRANK M. FOGG.....Auburn
SIMON S. BROWN.....Fairfield
JOHN B. FOSTER.....Bangor
CHARLES H. CHASE.....Portland
HALSEY H. HONBOE.....Thomaston
EDWIN C. MOODY.....York
F. G. PARKER.....Presque Isle

APPENDIX.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM B. SKILLIN..No. Yarmouth

SENATORS.

DANIEL V. TRUE,.....Portland
WILLIAM R. FIELD, ... Brunswick
EDWARD A. GIBBS,.....Bridgton
ISAAC T. ROBSON,.....Wiscasset
IRA S. LIBBY,.....Limerick
JOHN Q. DENNETT,.....Biddeford
RODOLPHUS P. THOMPSON,....Jay
JAMES R. TALBOT,.....East Machias

REPRESENTATIVES.

LEONARD H. BEAL,.....Durham
JOHN H. BROWN.....Haynesville
ALFRED alias ALFORD CUSHMAN, Sherman
JAMES O. WHITE.....Wilton
GEORGE W. JOHNSON,.....Industry
JAMES ELYS,.....Sullivan
JAMES W. CLARKE alias J. W. CLARKE alias JAMES CLARKE alias JAMES W. CLARK,....Nobleboro
OSGOOD BRADBURY,.....Norway
F. W. HILL alias FRANK W. HILL, Exeter
HARPER ALLEN,.....Smithfield
JOSHUA F. JORDAN,.....Stockton
AARON H. WOODCOCK,.....Princeton
LINCOLN I. LEIGHTON,..Cherryfield
JAMES M. LEIGHTON,.....Perry
STEPHEN D. LORD,.....Lebanon

The Ladies' War.

In default of graver themes of debate government society at Washington is busying itself with the old dispute as to the relative precedence of the wives of Senators and the wives of cabinet officers. The special correspondents make much of the discussion for there is in it infinite possibilities of gossip; and gossip, as Margaret Fuller long ago said, is delightful to all of us. They treat the contention in various ways. One speaks of it in a manner designed to be the bitterness of airy contempt. Another affects to break the butterfly upon the wheel and discourses upon vanity in a strain as old as the sin of the royal Israelitic preacher. Yet another assumes to go into the merits of the question, and gravely argues that as the creator must take precedence of the created, Senators who make cabinet officers are entitled to the step before them—a method of reasoning which by the way leads to very extraordinary deductions; for if Senators make cabinet officers, members of State Legislatures make Senators, and, here in Maine, Executive Councillors make legislators, therefore Executive Councillors are to be honored above all other official men—a conclusion which in this State at least, will be strenuously disputed.

But all these correspondents agree in one thing, that the dispute grows out of etiquette. If that vanity were unknown, the contention, they assert, could have no existence. In that conclusion they err. It is the war of etiquette that has provoked the debate. If society at Washington were, as in all the capitals of the old world, governed by firm established rules of prudence there could be no question whether "Mrs. Secretary" with should visit or receive "Mrs. Senator Robinson at the opening of the season. It would not matter which way the rule worked so long as it was recognized and its recognition would save much ill-feeling on the part of the women and much discomfort on the part of the men. It is a question whether in riding over the street walking the pavement it is more convenient to turn to the right or to the left in passing another. Here in Maine we turn to the right. Over the line, in the Dominion, they turn to the left. But there is no question of the benefit of a general agreement upon a course of action, for that agreement promotes comfort and prevents jostling, confusion, and perhaps quarrel. All that, an observance of the etiquette of the street does away with. The etiquette of the drawing room serves as good a purpose, and within the bounds of its application keeps the peace and prevents disputes as ignoble as they are persistent. The "Ladies' War" at Washington is not the result of the existence of social forms but of the non-recognition of an absence of general understanding of those forms. The vulgar strife is an argument for etiquette, not a reason for its abolition.

THE New York State encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic last week unanimously adopted a resolution denouncing the Weaver bill, which proposes to make up the difference between greenbacks and gold to Union soldiers who were paid in the former. The Providence Journal says: "The statement made by Senator Cameron, in presenting one of the petitions for the passage of the Weaver bill for the equalization of bounties, that he believed the signatures were mainly forgeries or represented non-existent persons, will not be surprising to those who know something of the way in which petitions are manufactured. Leaving out of the question those which are wholly fraudulent, made up by copying names out of the directory, or by "doubling up," as it is termed, transferring one list of signatures to a second or several petitions, there is altogether too much carelessness in the way in which men attach their signatures to petitions, and they might as well sign for contradictory purposes, as they sometimes do, for all the meaning that they attach to the act.

GEN. HOOD's book describing important events of the war in which he bore part, which is now published under the direction of Gen. Beauregard, for the benefit of his family, throws new light on some of the great battles, and will prove an interesting contribution to the history of the war. It will also revive the controversy over credit for victories won and responsibility for disasters. It contains a letter from Gen. Hood to Gen. Longstreet, which bears out the declaration already made that at Gettysburg Gen. Lee ordered the assault on Round Top which was so disastrous to Longstreet's corps and to Lee's army, when other officers doubted its expediency.

MR. THURLOW WEED, who, with Cardinal McCloskey, is a member of the "Cosmo-American Colonization and General Emigration Bureau of the United States", thinks that Mr. John Bright's plan is the only practical and efficient one. The only permanent relief for Ireland, said Mr. Weed, is a change in the tenure of the land, so that instead of being held in the hands of a few it may be distributed. The great curse of the present system is that the masses labor for the benefit of the few, who live in luxury abroad. Permit the large estates to be cut up into small freeholds, and the question is settled; and it cannot be done in any other way.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal is as severe on the Maine conspiracy as it was at the first. It says: Democrats who quarreled with us because we refused to go in with the fusion rascality in Maine may read in to-day's telegrams the reason why. It was evident from the first that Garcelon was an old humbug; that his party was a lot of political dead-beats, and that, bad as Jim Blaine and his buccaneers are, honest men could not afford to go in with the riffraff of fools and knaves who made up the opposition. The result is as we predicted, a total victory for the Republicans.

THE exodus of negroes from the Southern States is increasing daily. Whatever may be considered as its cause, there is no doubt of the fact. In some of its characteristics it resembles the flight of negroes from districts in control of the rebels during the closing years of the war. Then the flight was from slavery to freedom; now the fugitives are moved by the expectation that they will be enabled to enjoy privileges elsewhere which are denied them in the places they leave.

THE young women of Philadelphia are to have enlarged facilities for university instruction. There are now four lecture rooms (and probably a fifth will be added) in the University of Pennsylvania to which girls are admitted.

THE Hartford Courant informs the world that Dr. Garcelon is supposed to be in retiracy preparing a history of the mammoth cave. The story of the cave of the conspiracy will be fully told by the investigating committee. Have a little patience.

HON. E. B. WASHBURNE declares that he is a Grant man, because he believes that Gen. Grant is the strongest man the Republicans can nominate.

THE Boston Herald thinks Blaine will come to the front with a rush. He does rush things when he gets started.

Recent Publications.

Tennyson's Songs, with Music. Edited by W. G. Cusins (New York: Harper & Brothers; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon). No more elegant or valuable contribution to musical literature could be made than this collection of the Laureate's songs, set by some of the foremost of modern composers. Among the forty-five songs contained in this volume, there is not one that falls below the standard of the best English music, not one that fails to translate, with genuine feeling and adequate expression, the spoken music of Tennyson's verse into melody and harmony. It is exceedingly difficult to select among the songs for purposes of especial praise—for the range and variety of styles is very great; and choice is a matter of individual sympathy with the manner of one or another composer. Mr. Barnett's Sea-Fairies, written for mezzo-soprano and chorus of *soprani* and *alti*, is very effective and beautifully written, with the fresh and picturesque quality with which the sea always inspires Mr. Barnett—a composer of admirable marine tone pictures. Mr. J. L. Hatton's sound old English manner is suited to the quaint song, Love that hath us in the Net. Merlin's strange chant of rain and sun is set to music by M. Joachim, the great violinist. Mr. Cusins' Sailor Boy is exceedingly dramatic. Mr. C. Villiers Stanford's Milkmaid's Song is admirable—it is genuinely arch, sufficiently rustic, without the least touch of vulgarity or affectation. It is as fresh as a daisy in a green field. Mr. Cusins scores imposingly his fine chorus Blow Trumpet, for the World is White with May. Mr. Stanford's Lute Song is exquisitely pathetic and full of true dramatic feeling; less known on this side of the ocean than some of the other composers represented in the volume, Mr. Stanford's name bids fair soon to be classed among the first of modern English song-writers. Mr. Macfarren's setting of the hopeless Too Late is admirable. The Beggar Maid is a fine song by Mr. Cusins. M. Raff contributes two settings of Tears, Idle Tears, the first of which is the more subtle in sentiment, but the second more direct and effective Sir Herbert Oakeley's Bugle Song is tuneful and very singable; with bugle *obligato*, which may, however, be represented by the pianoforte. Mr. W. H. Cummings, the tenor singer, contributes a dramatic and impassioned setting of Edith's Song, in the tragedy of Harold. Mr. Randegger's Home They Brought her Warrior Dead, is a fine song. M. Gounod's Ring Out Wild Bells, is notable for the superb treatment of the accompaniment, in which by simple means the composer arrives at one of the poetic effects which are associated with his genius. Mr. Arthur Sullivan's St. Agnes' Eve is a fine concert air for soprano with an admirable accompaniment. M. Xaver Scharwenka—a young musician whose introduction to hearers in this part of the country is due to the generous zeal of Mr. Ernst Perabo—has set the finale from the Sleeping Beauty with graceful and charming melody, at once tender and naïve, as befits the happy ending of a fairy tale. Enough songs have been described to give the reader an idea of the scope and merit of this collection. In compass and difficulty they are not beyond the powers of amateur singers, though the beauty of words and music render them worthy the careful study of the foremost performers. Several part-songs are included, where the words seem to require several voices for their expression. Much credit is due to Mr. Cusins for the fortunate thought of arranging a volume in which the words of the poet most representative of his century should be illuminated by the work of the foremost musicians of his land and his time. The volume is very elegantly bound and decorated, the pages are of full music-sheet size, and large outline illustrations by noted artists accompany the text and music No choicer or more available and delightful collection of English vocal music is in existence than this group of the songs of Alfred Tennyson.

About Grant (Boston: Lee & Shepard) is an agreeable and somewhat desultory volume concerning the great general and ex-President, of which the PRESS receives advance sheets from the publishers. Gen. John L. Swift is the author, and though apparently not much practiced in book-making, he has taken many strong points with skill and precision, and has collected much interesting material. The volume is not a biography of General Grant, but rather represents the hero in connection with some notable events of recent history, crises of the rebellion, finance, and as seen by the foreign nations. Naturally—as might be expected in a volume written by a man right-minded enough to hold Gen. Grant in such honor as to choose him for the subject of a prose epic—Gen. Swift's work contains much wholesome political doctrine on various points more or less intimately connected with the immediate theme. He alludes to certain sections, where "it has been discovered that the chief end of man as a voter, is to mutilate his ticket to make it perfect," and says later, in a more serious vein:

While it would be unwise needlessly to offend the worthy portion of our countrymen who rally under the banner of "independence," it is not the time to follow doctrinaires, to forget experience, or fret at the inevitable. The fact is irrefutable, that our political conduct, active or passive, will assist either the party ranging with the "solid North," or the party ranging with the "solid South." They are blind leaders of the blind, whether they stand in pulpits or write at editorial desks, who teach that there is no choice of parties, and that it is of little moment which wins. By an eternal law parties differ, and by the same law they differ for good or ill. The heresy of political indifference, so flippantly paraded by chipper critics, strikes at that inherent and fundamental morality upon which alone the social and political structure can be wisely reared.

It is interesting to read how gracefully General Grant responded to the courtesy of the "continent that rose and uncovered before him" and the self-respect, patriotism and nobility of his attitude in presence of Europe is in decided contrast to that of certain individuals of the rose-water school of politicians that criticised General Grant for supposititious lack of society polish, and who go abroad to represent their country by picturing it as a corrupt and hopeless land from which they have escaped to chant the jeremiads of her judgment to come. Mr. Swift recalls several anecdotes of the beloved Abraham Lincoln, and his relations with General Grant. This volume is a welcome and strong addition to the mass of good political writing which the present state of affairs has called forth from men who have their country's good at heart.

It is one of the advantages connected with the troublous times of a campaign year, that the gratitude of men's minds is rekindled by the recital of the deeds which have given to our heroes their claim upon that gratitude. Thus it may be that the account of the honors which General Grant received abroad, and the appreciative remembrance there of his commanding military excellence, serve also to increase the enthusiasm existing in this country for the great general. Parts 15 and 16 of Mr. John Russell Young's Around the World with General Grant, give interesting particulars of his reception abroad, and details of interesting conversations which the general held concerning the rebellion and subsequent political conditions. The American News Company publish this work of Mr. Young's in admirable style, with heavy paper, good type and interesting woodcuts. It is sold only by subscription—and will be found fully worth its price.

Messrs. Harper Brothers publish in their handsome and practical Library Edition, the first volume of Mr. Justin McCarthy's History of Our Own Times. This thoughtful and spirited addition to the literature of contemporaneous history has been already reviewed in these columns; and it is only left to the reviewer to recommend this new and excellent edition of a live and valuable work. (Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon.)

Leaves of Healing (Boston: A. Williams & Co.; Portland: Hoyt, Fogg & Donham) is a book of consolatory selections, arranged, it is understood, by a lady residing in Deering, with the kindly purpose of giving comfort to invalids. The selections include both prose and poetry, and are of cheerful and hopeful tendency. It is not at all a sectarian volume, but contains a tasteful and refined collection of religious passages suited to its purpose chosen from various authors. The compiler will be gratefully remembered by many readers to whom her pious and charitable work will bring consolation.

Poems. By H. B. Wardwell (Portland; Hoyt, Fogg & Donham) are well-intentioned and commonplace, with some ease of versification.

The Art of Cooking (New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon) is a volume of practical lessons in cookery by Miss Matilda Lees Dods of the South Kensington School. Many of the receipts given will seem rather elaborate to New England housekeepers, but others again will be found more simple and easily followed. Miss Dods received one of the first diplomas given by the school of cookery at Kensington, and her witty preface shows her to be a bright woman likely to do well in whatever profession she might adopt.

The Art of Speech. Vol. I. Studies in Poetry and Prose. By L. T. Townsend, D. D., (New York: D. Appleton & Co.; Portland: Dresser & McLellan) is the rather ambitious title of a work upon rhetoric. It has an amusing lack of literary quality, is narrow-minded and dull, and its attempts to be witty, never attractive, become exceedingly reprehensible when the author travesties a most sacred and tender passage of the Bible by translating the exquisite 23rd Psalm into Johnsonian English by way of showing the superiority of simple speech. When the author in his preface announces with some apparent self gratulation that he "occupies the chair of Sacred Rhetoric," one marvels at the insolent freedom with which some persons feel that they are privileged to handle sacred things.

Sebastian Strome. By Julian Hawthorne (New York: D. Appleton; Portland: Dresser & McLellan). Mr. Hawthorne's talent has undergone a healthful and desirable change, of what extent or duration his future work will prove. He is beginning to turn toward a less fantastic manner, and a more solid and commendable tone of thought. It seems curious that any novel by the author of Garth and Bressant should remind the reader of George Macd

the time of the surrender he was fifty-eight or fifty-nine and I was forty-three.

"His officers used to say that he posed himself, that he was retiring and exclusive, and that his headquarters were difficult of access. I remember when the commissioners came through our lines to treat, just before the surrender, that one of them remarked on the great difference between our headquarters and Lee's. I always kept open house at headquarters so far as the army was concerned.

"My anxiety," said the general, 'for some time before Richmond fell was lest Lee should abandon it. My pursuit of Lee was hazardous. I was in a position of extreme difficulty. You see I was marching away from my supplies, while Lee was falling back on his supplies. If Lee had continued his fight another day I should have had to abandon the pursuit, and fall back to Danville, build the railroad and feed my army. So far as supplies were concerned, I was almost at my last gasp when the surrender took place."

Planets in February.

[Providence Journal.]

Uranus wins the place of honor among the planets in February, for he is in his best position for observation during the month, being visible as a faint, misty star to observers who know where to look for him. He comes into opposition with the sun on the 25th, the earth then being between the sun and Uranus, and the planet at its nearest point to the earth. His nearest approach, however, leaves an interval of space between us of seventeen hundred and forty-five millions of miles, and such is the marvellous construction of the human eye that it distinctly discerns this remote member of the system, requiring but a slight effort to span the inconceivable space. Careful observers can find the planet with a little painstaking on clear moonless evenings. Uranus rises now about 7 o'clock, and at the end of the month about 5.

A favorable time for observation will therefore be found at present about 9 o'clock. A brilliant first magnitude star will then be visible in the eastern sky, one-third of the distance from the horizon to the zenith. This is Regulus, the largest and the lowest of the five or six stars that form the Sickle in the constelation Leo. A few degrees east of Regulus is a small star called Rho Leonis, and the planet must be looked for in its vicinity. It is of the sixth magnitude, the smallest visible to the eye, and of a pale bluish tint. Seen through a good telescope, it shows a disc, proving that it is a planet, assumes a delicate sea-green tint, and is a beautiful object. Uranus is technically numbered with the morning stars until his opposition with the sun on the 25th. He then becomes evening star, rising when the sun sets, his place being opposite the sun, as the word indicates. It is easy to keep track of Uranus, his movement is so slow. His oppositions occur at intervals of about three hundred and sixty-nine days. Thus the time of opposition during the remainder of the present century may be found by adding four days and a half for every subsequent year to the date of the present opposition.

Mars is evening star, and a conspicuously beautiful object for observers as he pursues his rapid course eastward among the stars of Taurus. His great declination gives him a high altitude when he passes the meridian. Rising now soon after 11, he reaches this point a little before 7, and the starry page that then opens before the eye of the observer looking eastward is fair to see. Mars leads the brilliant host. The Pleiades and ruddy Aldebaran stand nearest the throne. Superb Orion glitters in the southeast, and Sirius, low down, shines in his full splendor. The twin stars, Castor and Pollux, illuminate the eastern sky, and Procyon twinkles below them. Regulus is ready to start above the horizon line. The celestial arch shows no more charming clustering of its brightest gems. The luster of Mars is growing dim, and his dimensions are decreasing as he travels from us and approaches the sun. He now sets about 2, at the close of the month about 1 in the morning

Saturn is evening star, and keeps on his quiet course with little variation, while, like his brother planets Mars and Jupiter, he travels from the earth and approaches the sun. He is easily recognized, and his position in the heavens is strikingly contrasted with Mars from the absence of all bright stars in his vicinity. He sets now about 10; at the end of the month at half-past 8.

Jupiter is evening star, but after the middle of the month his brilliant face will be difficult to see, for he will then be so near the sun as to be nearly eclipsed in his brighter light. Those who have watched his course through the evenings of the autumn and winter, will miss the beaming presence of the brightest star save one that graces the firmament. Special interest has been felt in the planet on account of the spot which has been visible on his surface ever since last June and is still visible. The dimensions of the spot are something appalling to those measuring upon the small scale on which the earth is fashioned. Astronomers give it a diameter of over twenty thousand miles—two and a half times the diameter of the globe. If the spot is a rift in the cloud atmosphere of Jupiter, it gives a frightful idea of the disturbances going on among the chaotic elements that form the mass of the huge planet. Jupiter sets now about 8; at the end of the month about half-past 6.

Mercury is morning star until the 14th, when he comes into superior conjunction with the sun, after which he is numbered with the evening stars. He rises now at 7 in the morning; at the end of the month he sets a little before 7. The only event of interest on his record is his conjunction with Jupiter on the evening of the 28th, when the two planets may possibly be seen in the early twilight.

Venus is morning star, and a lovely harbinger of the sun's bright presence throughout the month. She is fulfilling her appointed rôle as she retraces her steps towards the sun, apparently at a slow pace. She rises now a few minutes before 5; at the end of the month, a few minutes after 5. But the sun rises so much earlier that she precedes him by less than an hour and a half.

The February moon pulls on the 25th. The most beautiful picture painted by the old moon on the celestial canvass will occur on the morning of the 7th, when the waning crescent will hang two degrees south of Venus, the peerless morning star. The new moon of the 10th will be in conjunction with Mercury on the day of its occurrence, when of course moon and planet will be invisible. On the evening of the 12th, the two-days' old moon will be near to Jupiter in the early twilight, a sight worth watching for. On the 14th the moon will be near Saturn; on the 18th near Mars. The full moon on the 25th will be near Uranus at the time of opposition.

Thus the planetary annals of February show on their records no phenomena of unusual interest. But astronomical research is never monotonous to one who loves to watch the movements that are constantly taking place on the celestial sphere. Uranus is to be carefully looked for as his great orb, eighty times exceeding our own in volume, trembles on the verge of visibility, dwarfed by his immense distance. Mars is to be watched as in rapid course he circles near the Pleiades. Jupiter bids farewell for a season to the nocturnal sky where he has reigned for months the brightest of the starry throng. Bright-eyed observers may catch a parting glimpse of him on the 28th side by side with Mercury, the only planetary conjunction of the month. The waning moon and Venus will be fair to see on the morning of the 7th, and the waxing moon and Jupiter will shine serenely in the glowing twilight on the 12th. The starry heavens in February present to the observer a choice portion of the celestial map, while no less than five of the six visible planets track their devious course in this evening sky, and illustrate in their varied movements the harmony, symmetry and simplicity of the solar scheme, so immeasurably vast when viewed by the finite powers of the human mind, so immeasurably small when compared with the twinkling stars and star-dust that people infinite space.

A Peculiar Phrase of Dickens.

A reporter lately talked with Thurlow Weed about Charles Dickens, and quoted the brief account of his death in the "Letters." "It being now evident that he was ill, and very seriously ill, his sister-in-law begged him to come to his own room before she sent for medical help. 'Come and lie down,' she entreated. 'Yes—on the ground,' he said very distinctly—these were the last words he spoke—and he slid from her arms and fell upon the floor." The phrase used by Mr. Dickens in these, his really "last words," was peculiar He was in the dining-room of his house at Gad's hill, and not out-of-doors. In point of fact he lay stretched out upon the floor until a couch could be brought. Mr. Weed said, "Yes, I have remarked this peculiarity in the phraseology of Mr. Dickens. You will find that he uses 'ground' for 'floor' in all of his works, and in some of them repeatedly. I cannot, of course, recall all the instances, but it occurs twice at least in 'A Tale of Two Cities,' and under very marked circumstances. The first time it is spoken in the case of Dr. Manette, the released prisoner of the Bastile, who was in an apartment in the garret of a house at Paris. You remember that he sank fainting in his daughter's arms, and the story goes on to say: 'When the quiet of the garret had been long undisturbed and his heaving breast and shaking form had long yielded to the calm that must follow all storms—emblem to humanity of the rest and silence into which the storm called life must hush at last—they came forward to raise the father and daughter from the ground. He had gradually dropped to the floor; she had nestled down with him that his head might lie upon her arm.' The room was four stories above the street, and yet Mr. Dickens speaks of its floor as 'the ground.' In the same story there is an account of a deadly conflict between Mme. Defarge and Miss Pross in a room of which the latter says, in her defiance of the Frenchwoman, 'we are alone at the top of a high house.' Yet after the pistol has done its bloody work of vengeance, the narrative proceeds: 'As the smoke cleared, leaving an awful stillness, it passed out on the air like the soul of the furious woman whose body lay lifeless on the ground.' There again the floor of the highest apartment in the house is spoken of as 'the ground.' It is most striking that the greatest English novelists should have emphasized such a peculiarity with his passing breath. 'Yes—on the ground.'"

BY TELEGRAPH.

AUGUSTA.

THE STATE VALUATION COMMISSION.

The Printing Contract Awarded to Sprague & Son.

[Special Despatch to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Feb. 6.—The debate in the Senate to-day on the resolve to provide for a State valuation brought out a general expression of opinion. The only issue was as to the number which should constitute the commission, whether it should be seven or sixteen. Those who favored the smaller number thought the commission should be made up of one from each of the five Congressional districts, with two at large. Those who opposed contended that the commission should consis of one from each of the sixteen counties, and their views prevailed by a vote of 17 to 9, on a call of the yeas and nays. The discussion was carried on with good feeling, and party lines were for the nonce of abeyance. The resolve as it passed makes the number sixteen to be approved by the Governor.

The commissioners appointed are to hold their first session at the Capitol, immediately after their appointment and are to proceed without delay to prepare the valuation, and sit at the same place with no adjournment for more than two days at one time until the preparation of the valuation is completed, or until final adjournment of this legislature. In case the report cannot be completed before final adjournment, then the report shall be made to the next legislature on the first day of its session.

The commissioners are empowered to employ a suitable clerical force. The compensation to the commissioners will be $3.00 per day while actually engaged in preparing the valuation and making their report, while the pay of clerks will be $2.00 a day. Both commissioners and clerks will be allowed actual traveling expenses in once traveling to and returning from Augusta.

The State Printing.

Sprague & Co. accomplished an easy victory today, when the House concurred by such a strong vote as it did, with the action of the Senate in making them the State printers.

Maj. Rowell of Hallowell led off the debate for the Republicans, and was their principal spokesman. He contented himself by making a plain presentation of facts in relation to the State printing which were incontrovertible. He showed that the animus of the fusionists was to make the State printing a bone of contention for political capital. He made a hit when he spoke of Pillsbury being in dancing attendance on the Union Hall legislature, while Sprague & Son were attending to their business in the legal legislature at the State House.

Wales, the fusion member from Biddeford, subsequently attempted to strike back by saying that something had been said about somebody being in dancing attendance at the fusion Legislature, why, he had heard of thousands who were in dancing attendance on the decision of the Supreme Court.

Cook of Lewiston, another Republican, dealt a telling blow when he stated that he had found that the appropriations for printing under the Garcelon regime for the past year had been overdrawn $1,600; that there had been drawn from the High School fund $2,000 for printing, and how many more bills for printing are yet to come in no one could tell. The cost of printing the House Journal by Pillsbury & Co. last year was $993.73, against $250 under Republican rule, while the cost of printing the Senate Journal was $570, or more than double what it had cost before Pillsbury was State printer. The expense of binding under the Republicans had been $6000 per year, while for the past year bills have already come in amounting to over $11,000.

The fusion leaders great and small come to the front. It was noticeable that all followed the same line of argument, as if they had been coached. They studiously avoided mentioning Pillsbury's name, and in airing their rhetoric they wanted to impress on the minds of those present that they soared above party, and had only at heart the interest of the dear people. Gushee of Appleton, when he gushed his gush said that it had been often remarked that to the victor belonged the spoils. But now he thought, this was a year when we should break away from such a policy, and treat this matter of State printing as legislators and not as politicians. Wales of Biddeford dilated in glib and flippant language, pretending that he wanted to be enlightened in figures, rule and tabular work, by some printer; and then he had something to say about innuendoes and flings, until at last he forgot himself and became lost in a philippic against the Republican party.

Plaisted of Lincoln, swelled in grandiose sentences, and kept putting chips on his shoulder for somebody to knock off, while Swan of Minot babbled like a brook running over its pebbly bed, until he reached a melodramatic climax, when he referred to the rights of the people and then with sheer exhaustion he subsided. But no amount of Fusion fustian and palaver could have charged the minds of the Republicans who thoroughly understood the points at issue, and knew that this Sprague contract was in the interest of the State.

The bill that was reported to-day relating to the organization of mining and manufacturing corporations fixes the amount of capital stock at $500,000 and not less than $1,000.

Waterville Telegraph Company.

The bill to incorporate the Waterville Telegraph Company has for incorporators W. A. R. Boothby, Fred N. Fales, A. M. Kennison, W. S. Searles and John N. Webber. It confines the putting up of wires to the limits of Waterville, and allows the capital stock to be fixed by a vote of the company.

The Legislature will not abolish the office of Fish Commissioner.

There will be quite an exodus of members tomorrow for their homes to remain over Sunday.

MAINE

Fire in the Maine Standard Office.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 6.—This morning about six o'clock a fire caught in the press room of the Maine Standard office in the timbers of the floor near the engine. It was extinguished in a short time, but a great amount of damage was done by water. The injury to the forms of type and material in the office is considerable, while the immense amount of water poured into the building nearly ruined the entire stock of millinery in the store underneath owned by Miss Addie Lawrence, and damaged the grocery store of James E. Fuller to the extent of $1200. Miss Lawrence estimates her loss at $2500. All insured.

NEW YORK.

Investigating the New York Election

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The sub-committee of the Senate select committee, formerly the Teller committee, to enquire into the alleged frauds in the late election, began work to-day in the Post Office building. The testimony of a number of witnesses was taken as to arrests on alleged fraudulent naturalization papers.

A Queer Story of Alleged Robbery.

Kinneth Albro of Texas reported that Jan. 31, while ascending the steps of the sub-treasury on Wall street, with a satchel containing $125,000 in registered four per cent. government bonds, he was fooled by the drop wallet game. While picking it up he was thrown down by a man, and in the confusion his satchel was carried off. He offered $5,000 for the return of the bonds and received an answer that they would be restored on paying $25,000 cash. Although the robbery was at noon and a large number of people were passing, no one knew that such a robbery had been accomplished.

METEOROLOGICAL.

INDICATIONS FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., February 7, 1 A. M.

For New England.

winds shifting to east and south with partly cloudy weather, and in the northern portions light snow, falling followed by rising barometer, and during the night lower temperature.

It is stated that Senator Lamar is rapidly recovering.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 5.

A petition from J. W. Porter was presented asking for a repeal of the law relating to imprisonment for debt.

A bill was reported relating to the Portland Turnverein. Read and assigned.

Legislation was reported inexpedient on order relating to repeal or amendment of law concerning interest.

The proposition to reduce the salary of the Judge of Probate for Cumberland county was reported from the Committee on Legal Affairs, referred to the Cumberland county delegation, and the Senate accepted the report.

Legislation inexpedient was reported on order for abolishing the office of Fishery Commissioners.

A bill was reported to amend an act for supplying the city of Bangor with water. Read and assigned. Another bill was reported to amend an act to incorporate the city of Bangor, approved Feb. 12, 1834. Read and assigned.

A bill was presented making the Frontier Guards of Eastport subject to the duties and privileges of other volunteer companies Referred to Military committee.

The resolve for the appointment of a commission of military officers to revise the military laws, coming up on its passage to be engrossed was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A petition was presented for incoporating the Forest Lake Ice Company. Referred to committee on Legal Affairs.

Ordered, That the House concurring, a joint select committee of three on part of the Senate with such as the House may join, be appointed to consider the Governor's message and report reference of its several subjects to appropriate committees; and Messrs. Smith, Hill and Rogers were appointed on part of the Senate.

The report of the committee on State valuation was taken up, the pending question being amendment to resolve to have the commission consist of sixteen persons, or one from each county.

Messrs. Bradford, Hill, Harris, Berry, Strickland and Harris favored the amendment while Messrs. Dingley, Ellis, Patten and Barker opposed. Amendment adopted 17 to 9. An amendment to have the commission report to this Legislature was lost, 14 to 14. Under sus pension of rules the resolve was read twice and passed to be engrossed.

House.

Petitions were presented and referred praying for the abolition of the Calais Municipal Court; for change in act establishing police court in Rockland; to incorporate the Waterville Telegraph Company; for special sewerage law; to amend charter of Katahdin Iron Company appointing auditors; asking that Orchard Beach Railroad Company may have right to build wharf; for restoration of salaries and number of Judges of Supreme Judicial Court; also resolve in favor of an act of Congress granting pensions to veterans of Mexican war; also bill to incorporate the Dudley Brook Dam Company.

Two thousand copies of the Governor's message were ordered to be printed:

Ordered, That the Judiciary committee consider the expediency of amending chap. 91 of R. S., so that mortgages of personal property to secure a debt for any sum shall be required to be recorded in the town clerk's office. That the committee on Education consider the expediency of amending the public laws relating to the employment of children in cotton and woolen manufactories.

The House ordered that the printers having in charge the printing of the opinions of the Supreme Court upon certain matters be requested to suspend further action in the matter until the order of Mr. Perry of Camden, relative to the decision of Judge Virgin in the mandamus case, is disposed of.

A bill was reported to enable the Cumberland & Oxford Canal corporation to make sale of its property to be used for railroad purposes. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Artesian Water Company of Rockland, with a capital of $100,000. Read once, and tabled to be printed.

Leave to withdraw was reported on petition of Thomas W. Porter to be reimbursed for money furnished to soldiers in the 14th Regiment Maine Vols. in the year 1861.

A bill was reported to extend the time for the completion of the Bangor & Piscataquis railroad three years from Jan. 27, 1880. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported to consolidate the Hampden Silver Mining Company and the Danton Silver Mining Company. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported increasing the capital stock of the Richardson Wharf Company. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported relating to the organization of mining and manufacturing companies. Printed under the rule.

The petition of Wm. Emery, attorney for the county of York, praying that a salary shall be fixed by law as compensation to the county commissioners and county treasurer of said county, was referred to the York county delegation.

The Judiciary committee reported ought not to pass on act additional to chap. 122, sec. 12, of the R. S., as amended by chap. 57 of the public laws of 1878, relating to corrupt agreements by attorneys and others.

A bill was reported to amend chap 81 of the public laws of 1879, relating to river fisheries. Printed under the rule. This bill changes the time of stripping weirs to the 25th of June annually.

The bill to compel certain officers whose terms have expired to deliver money and other property to their successors, was ordered to be printed by the House under joint rule.

Report of the committee on printing and binding submitting contracts for printing with Sprague & Son, and binding with Smith & Reed, was taken up. Pending acceptance of report, the question was to amend majority report by substituting minority report with contract with Thomas F. Murphy to do printing, and with Alexander T. Cameron to do the binding.

A lengthy debate took place which was participated in by Messrs. Rowell, Cook and others, who opposed substituting minority report, and by Messrs. Milliken, Gushee, Plaisted, Swan and others, who favored. The minority report was rejected by a vote of 83 to 43. Report of committee accepted by yeas 84, nays 43.

The contracts were then approved in concurrence with the Senate.

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The House committee on public buildings agreed to recommend the passage of a bill appropriating $200,000 for public buildings at Denver.

During the extra session bills were referred to the committee which would require an appropriation of $484,5000, and during the present session bills already introduced call for appropriations of $5,010,000. The committee thus far recommended appropriations amounting to $2,080,000.

The Senate committee on education agreed to recommend for passage the bill providing that the net proceeds of sales of public lands and the net receipts of the patent office hereafter be devoted to the establishment of an educational fund to be apportioned annually among the states and territories and the District of Columbia.

The House Indian committee adopted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the House the testimony taken before the Indian commission in relation to the recent Ute outbreak and efforts to arrest the authors of the outrages at White River Agency.

HARRISBURG CONVENTION.

Mr. Frye Surprised at the Strength Developed by Mr. Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Mr. Frye of Maine, speaking of the result of the Harrisburg convention said he was surprised at the strength developed by Blaine's friends. He had not expected it in view of the great efforts made by Cameron and of the fact that Blaine's friends had not sought to bind delegates by instructions in his favor.

Congressman Fisher of Pennsylvania, said, "I do not think that Blaine's friends have any reason to feel disappointed at the result or to look upon it as a defeat. Every county that is for Blaine will be represented at Chicago by Blaine men. Nine-tenths of all Grant men in the State are for Blaine as second choice."

MARINE NEWS.

Sandy Hook Light House Undermined.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The East Beacon light house on Sandy Hook is reputed in tottering condition. Its foundations were washed by the recent storm and the keeper abandoned it. The Sandy Hook lightship will resume its station to-morrow. The buoys in the lower harbor and bay are being replaced to-day.

The Wreck of the Kate Newman.

The bodies of the captain and steward of the lost schooner Kate Newman, have been taken in charge of by the Freemasons and are to be sent to Maine to-morrow.

Lighthouse Steamer Missing.

Steamer Fern, with lighthouse supplies from Key West the 29th of January for this port, is missing.

XLVIth CONGRESS—1st Session.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

After transacting miscellaneous business House considered private bills.

House narrowly escaped political discussion over the political disability bill, but after Messrs. Goode and Conger had spoken briefly, Mr. Wood objected to further debate, and the bill passed.

Another bill removing political disabilities of Joseph A. Scawell of Va., was passed without objection

Mr. Reed of Maine reported back to Senate bill for relief of Gibbs & Co. of Charleston, S. C. Passed.

A joint resolution making an appropriation for the reform of the district of Columbia was passed.

The House at 1.50 o'clock went into committee of the whole on the private calendar. After having been in committee about an hour and not a single bill agreed to owing to objections principally by Mr. Warner of Ohio and Sparks of Illinois, motion was made that the committee rise. The motion was defeated. It becoming evident, however, that little business could be transacted the committee finally, after agreeing to but two pension bills, rose.

The bill for the relief of George Eystes of Philadelphia passed.

House adjourned until Monday.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Strikers Threatening Bloodshed.

READING, Feb. 6.—The striking iron ore miners along the East Pennsylvania railroad for twenty miles are resolved upon violence to obtain their demands. It is possible that the sheriff will order out a *posse comitatus*, and if he cannot preserve order the local military will be called out. The miners of Great Flats of East Texas in that vicinity held a large meeting and resolved to march from mine to mine and by force to stop all hands now at work. If their demands are not acceded to, the fires will be drawn from under the boilers, and if that does not accomplish the object the engine houses and other buildings are threatened with destruction. Early this morning the miners of two mines near Topton were compelled to leave work by the strikers. It is intended to meet the strikers with force and the employers say they will surely be bloodshed if their works are menaced. The strikers demand 15 per cent. increase.

EUROPE.

British Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—In the Commons today Lord Stanhope confirmed the report that certain correspondence between the Ameer of Afghanistan and the Russian government has been discovered in Cabul, but said it was not in the interest of the public service to publish it.

The debate on the Home Rulers amendment to the address was continued, and several Irish members addresfed the House.

Sir Stafford Northcote said he found no fault with the Irish members for taking this early opportunity for drawing attention to so important a matter, but they would be going beside the question of distress by occupying themselves with such points as those dealt with in the amendment. He distinctly denied that the government had allowed the matter to sleep. He said the report of the Register General for the past year, just received, disclosed a very unsatisfactory state of things. The extent of land under crops in Ireland was less than during any of the preceding ten years. He spoke of the alarming decrease in the potato crop, and said he proposed introducing a bill authorizing out door relief.

The Hurricane in the Phillippine Islands.

MADRID, Feb. 5.—Official despatches are received giving further details of the recent hurricane in the Phillippine Islands. Twenty-five vessels of various classes was wrecked, including four foreign frigates. A large number of other vessels were damaged. Forty-six persons were drowned.

THE DOMINION.

The Levis and Kennebec Railway.

QUEBEC, Feb. 6.—A fight is going on between the old board of the Levis & Kennebec railway and the English bondholders. At the annual meeting of the shareholders yesterday, the latter elected a new board of directors which are not recognized by the old board, who refuse to give up the line and at present hold it and the rolling stock by force. All traffic is at a stand still.

Mr. Wymatt, the president of the new board, advertises that the head officers of the company are now situated in Quebec city, while Mr. Paradis, the secretary of the old board, advertises that they are at St. Joseph. A formal demand will be made by the new board for the road and all the property, and if refused steps will be taken to enforce it.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

Nearly six thousand immigrants arrived at New York in January.

General Curtis has resigned his position as chief of the treasury agents in New York city to take charge of the bureau of frauds in the custom house.

Several prominent moonshiners of New York are on trial before the U. S. Court at Trenton, N. J., for illicit distilling at the Palisades and other places in that vicinity.

The great council of the Canton of Appenzel has voted for the re-establishment of capital punishment.

The sailing of the gunboat Adams from San Francisco Wednesday under sealed orders causes comment. It is believed that she has been sent to Samoa.

The North German Gazette denies a statement made by the Russian journal Nove Vremya that Bismarck has intrigued with the Polish revolutionary government in 1863, and declares that the publication of such a fabrication shows that a hostile feeling is existing in Russia against Germany.

The Cabinet has affirmed the decision of the court martial dismissing Major Reno from the army.

Major Morrow again encountered Victoria's band of Indians Thursday and defeated them. He expected another fight Thursday.

A letter carriers' mutual benefit association has been organizen in Cincinnati.

Up to Nov. 12, 1879, seventy-six Afghans had been hung at Cabul for being engaged in the massacre of the British embassy.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Portland Daily Wholesale Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 6.

The market for Breadstuffs is without important change. Provisions continue weak with a moderate trade. Sugar is steady; we quote granulated at 9¼c and Extra C at 9¼c. Potatoes are unchanged; job lots are selling at 50@55c, and car lots at 40@45c. Lumber freights are very firm; shippers are offering $3 to New York, and it is difficult to obtain vessels at this figure.

The following are to-day's quotations of Flour, Grain, Provisions, &c.

Flour.		Grain.	
Superfine	5 00@5 50	Yellow Corn, car lots	64
Extra Spring	6 00@6 25	" "	63
XX Spring	7 00@7 25	H. M. "	
Patent Spring	9 00@9 75	Oats,	53½@55½
Wheats	8 50@9 50	Sacked Bran	22 00
Michigan Winter best	7 25@7 50	" Mdds	@25 00
Low Grade		Corn, bagged	66
Michigan	6 00@6 50	Meal, "	65
St. Louis Winter good	7 25@7 50	Oats, "	53@55
Winter fair	6 50@6 75	Midlings, "	22
Winter best	7 75@8 00	Rye, "	@25
Produce.		**Provisions.**	
Turkeys	12½@16	Mess Beef	10 50@11 00
Chickens	12@14	Ex Mess	11 75@12 00
Fowl	8@10	Plate	12 75@13 00
Eggs	19@20	Ex Plate	13 25@13 50
Sw. Potatoes	3 75@4 50	Pork—	
New " bbl	1 50@	Backs	16 25@16 50
Irish potatoes, car lots	40@45c	Clear	15 25@15 50
Onions, ⅌ bbl	4 00@4 25	Mess	17 25@17 75
Hog crate	2 00@2 25	Hams	9½@12
Rounds	5@6	**Lard.**	
Cheese.		Tub, ⅌ lb	8¼@ 8⅝
Maine	12 @15	Tierces, lb	8¼@ 8¼
Vermont	12 @15	Pail	9⅞@10⅜
N. Y. Factory	12 @15	Kegs	
Fruit		**Beans.**	
Oranges.		Pea	2 10@2 15
Palermos, ⅌ box	3 00@4 00	Medums	1 90@2 00
Malencia, ⅌ case	$7½@8	Yellow Eyes	2 15@2 25
" ⅌ box		**Bulk.**	
Lemons.		Family, ⅌ lb	25@ 28
Messina	4 50@5 50	Store	17@ 22
Pale Mess	4 75@4 25	**Apples.**	
Nuts.		Green	50@2 50
Peanuts—		Dried Western	4@ 5
Wilmington	1 60@1 70	do Eastern	5½ 6½
Virginia	1 50@1 62	**Sugar.**	
Tennessee	1 20@1 35	Granulated	@ 9¾
Castana, ⅌ lb	11@12c	Extra C	@ 9⅛
Walnuts, "	12@14c	C	@8½
Filberts, "	12@13c	Syrups	@55
Pecan "	11@12c		

Grand Trunk Elevator.

The following is a statement of Grain the Grand Trunk Elevator, February 6:

	Wheat. Cars.	Peas. Cars.	Oats. Cars.	Corn. Cars.
Balance on hand	174	59	3	20
Received	5			18
	179	59	3	38

Barley in elevator—3 cars.

Receipts of Maine Cents

PORTLAND Feb. 5.

For Portland, 40 cars miscellaneous mdse; for connecting roads, 90 cars miscellaneous merchandize.

Daily Domestic Receipts.

By water conveyance—1000 bush Corn to G. W. True & Co.

Mining Stocks.

Closing prices at Portland Mining Exchge, by T. H. Mansfield & Co., brokers, 67 Exchge street Portland, Me., February 6:

Acton	1@20
Portland Acton	12
Forest City	12
Ammonoosuc	1 00
Eggemoggin	1 21 50
Bluehill	8 @8 25
Douglass	5 56 00
Darling Silver	1 00
Wankeag	6 77 00
Milton	2@3 00
Mineral Hill	1 00
Deer Isle	1 00
Young Hecla	1 00
Clark Silver	10
Favorite (Club stock)	50
Preble " "	33⅓
Grant	2 78 00
Twin Lead	1 00
Robert Emmett	2 52 50
Enterprise Club	50

Boston Stock Market.

[Sales of the Broker's Board, Jan. 6.]

First Call.

$3,000 Eastern Railroad 4½s	89¾
$500 do	91
63 Maine Central Railroad	46
1 Boston & Maine Railroad	119½
51 Eastern Railroad	42
148 do	43
335 do	43½

Second Call.

2 Eastern Railroad	43

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6—Evening.—Money fairly active at 5@6 per cent. on call, closing at 6 per cent.; prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling Exchange nominally, advanced ½, actual business at 482½@483 for long and 484¾@484 for short. Governments quiet but generally firm. Railroad bonds are generally storng.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 222,000 shares

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Government securities:

United States 6's, 1881, reg	105¼
United Stices 6's, 1881, coup	105¼
United States new 5's, reg	103⅛
United States new 5's, coup	103½
United States new 4½'s, reg	107⅛
United States new 4½'s, coup	108⅛
United States new 4's, reg	105¼
United States new 4's	105¼
Pacific 6's of '95	122

The following were the closing quotations of Stocks:

Chicago & Rock Island	149¾
Illinois Central	104
C. R. & Quincy	145½
Chicago & Alton	107¾
Chicago & Alton preferred	120
New York Central	131¼
Lake Shore	103¾
Michigan Central	90⅝
Erie	47⅞
Erie preferred	72¼
Northwestern	89¾
Northwestern preferred	104¼
Milwaukee & St. Paul	78
St. Paul preferred	102½
New Jersey Central	82⅛
Union Pacific	92⅝
Western Union Tel. Co	103½
Adams Ex. Co	108
Wells, Fargo & Co	102¾
Am. Ex. Co	56
U. S. Ex. Co	45½
Kansas Pacific	92¾
Pits. & Fort Wayne	115⅜
Pacific Mail	41¾
Ohio & Mississippi	31⅛
Ohio & Mississippi preferred	67½
Del. & Lackawanna	86⅛
Del. & Hudson	74⅜
Atlantic & Pacific Tel	42½
Central Pacific bonds	110⅝
Union Pacific firsts	110¼
Sinking Funds	119
Canada Southern	67¼
Hartford & Erie 1st	55
Guaranteed	50
Morris & Essex	102½
Land Grants	113½

California Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—The following are the closing quotations of Mining stocks to-day:

Alpha	9¼	Hale & Norcross	6⅛
Alta	5	Julia Consolidated	2
Belcher	10⅝	Justice	2⅜
Best & Belcher	10¾	Mexican	15⅛
Bullion	4⅝	Northern Belle	—
California	3½	Ophir	16⅞
Chollar	7⅝	Overman	7⅜
Consolidated Va	3½	Raymond	—
Eureka Con	16½	Union Con	36
Crown Point	4⅝	Sierra Nevada	21¼
Exchequer	3¼	Yellow Jacket	9⅝
Gould & Curry	5⅞	Bodie	10½
Grand Prize	1¼	Imperial	19-32
Savage	6¼	Potosi	4½

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, February 6.

The following were to-day's quotations of Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Potatoes:

Butter—Choice creameries at 28@33c; fair to good creameries 25@27c; fall made New York and Vermont 25@27c; choice straight New York and Vermont dairy 20@23c; winter made at 18@22c; common to good 18@22c; market very dull.

Cheese—sells at 14@16c for extra; 12@13c for fair to good; 10@11c ⅌ lb for common; market firm and higher.

Eggs are selling at 21@22c for Eastern; 19@20c for Southern, and 17@20c ⅌ dozen for Western; abundant supply.

Potatoes—Eastern and Northern Rose at 50@55c; Prolifics at 50@55c, and Jackson whites, Peerless and other kinds at 40@45c; full supply and dull.

Gloucester Fish Market.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 6, 1880.

Georges Codfish—Market steady at 5¾ ⅌ qtl for large and 8¾ for medium. Bank Codfish held at $4½ for large; medium $3½. New Shore codfish selling at $5¼@5½ ⅌ qtl.

We quote Cusk $2½, Haddock $2½, Hake $2¼ ⅌ qtl; American and English Pollock $2¼@$2½. Boneless and prepared fish from 3½@5c ⅌ lb for choice Hake to 6¾ @8 for best codfish. Smoked Halibut at 8c ⅌ lb. Smoked Salmon 15c; Scaled Herring 22c ⅌ box.

Mackerel—nominally at $40 ⅌ bbl for extras, $18 to $22 for 1s, $7@$9 for 2s and $5½ for 3s.

Pickled Herring firm at $3½ ⅌ bbl for Newfoundland, Eastport and Shore round, $4¼ for Shore split; $6½ for Labrador do.

Trout $10 ⅌ bbl; Salmon $18 ⅌ bbl; Swordfish at 8c; Codfish at 85, Haddock $3½, Halibut Heads $3½, Halibut Fins $9 bbl, Fins and Napes $4½, Cod Tongues $6, Tongues and Sounds $10, Alewives $5; Porgie Slivers $5@$7.

Fresh Halibut—Market bare.

Shore Fish—We quote at $4¼ and $2 ⅌ cwt for steak and market Codfish, $3 for Haddock; 50c for Cusk, Hake and Pollock. Fresh Tongues at 7c ⅌ lb. Frozen Herring 60c ⅌ hundred.

Medicinal Oil 90c ⅌ gal, Tanners' Oil 50c, Porgie 43c.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Hogs—Receipts 28,000 head; shipments 6500; market dull and shade lower; volume of trade large; mixed packing at 4 25@4 40; light 4 30@4 40; choice heavy at 4 55@4 65.

Cattle-Receipts 5000 head: shipments 3000 head; inactive and prices shade off; shipping 4 00@4 55; stockers and feeders steady and firm at 2 90@3 80; butchers quiet and weak 2 30@3 50.

Sheep—receipts 1400 head; shipments 300 head; fair demand and firm at 3 90@5 75; common stock dull; fat Sheep active.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6—Evening—**Flour.**—Receipts 7681 bbls; 5@10c better, more active export, fair home home trade; sales 25,000 bbls; No 2 at 3 75@4 40; Superfine Western and State at 4 60@5 25; extra Western and State at 5 25@5 65; good

THE PRESS.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.

Portland Theatre—Pat Rooney's.
We have to day—Timmons & Hawes.
Coe—3.
Adamson's Cough Balsam.
New Landuedoc Ties—H. I. Nelson & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Removal—Millinery Store.
Something New—W. L. Wilson & Co.
Wanted Immediately—H. O. Bernard & Co.
I. O. O. F.—Special Notice.
Knights of Pythias Attention.
Established 1858—Kendall & Whitney.
To the Harbor Commissioners of Portland.
Gentle Women—Lyon's Katharion.
Westbrook Seminary.

NEW Languedoc Ties, New Breton Ties and New Languedoc Laces just opened at H. I. Nelson & Co's, 443 Congress St. fe7d3t

COE has the spring style hat.

Why has a White Rose on a golden lyre been adopted as a trade-mark by J. & E. ATKINSON? Because their Toilet preparations have become so popular that they are extensively counterfeited. fe7S&W1w

COE has the new $1.00 hats.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S CELERY and CHAMOMILE PILLS are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspeptic Headache, Neuralgia and Nervousness, and will cure any case. Price 50 cts., postage free. PARSONS, BANGS & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 117 and 119 Middle street, Portland, Me. General Agents. aug28eodtf

HORSE Blankets at cost. Coe.

It is Abominable! to go through life with "snags" in the mouth. Abominable not more to the sufferer than his friends. Buy SOZODONT and cleanse the teeth which remain, or, better still, use it now and save your teeth. SOZODONT is economical. feb5TS&T&w1w

Office of S. M. Pettengill & Co., No. 10 State Street, Boston.

It gives me great pleasure to say that *Adamson's Botanic Balsam* cured me of a severe cold, to which I have been subject, especially during the winter months, and I have in many instances recommended it to my friends, and all have been benefited by its use. We think it has no equal as cough mixture.
U. L. PETTENGILL.
fe3 W&S&w1w

KEEP your bowels and kidneys in a healthy state by the use of Kidney-Wort. feb5 TS&T&w

WE have to-day one of the finest lots of Oysters ever brought to this city. Send your orders to Timmons & Hawes, Commercial St. and Market Square.

Sunday Services.

BETHEL CHURCH.—Services 10½ a. m., 3 and 7½ p. m.; also Monday and Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m. All from sea and land are invited. Seats free. Reading rooms open to Seamen every day regular.

FIRST LUTHERAN CHURCH, Elm St.—Rev. N. Elestad, pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, Congress Street, corner Elm.—Meetings every Wednesday and Saturday at 7½ p. m. Social prayer meeting Sunday at 9 a. m.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Congress st. cor. Pearl. Rev. C. A. Dickinson, Pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday School at 1¾ p. m. So ial religious meetings, Sunday, Tuesday and Friday evenings. All are welcome.

WOODFORD'S CORNER M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. Wilbur F. Berry, pastor. Preaching at 2½ p. m. Prayer meeting at 7 p. m. All are invited. Seats free.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—Rev. Asa Dalton, Rector. Services at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

FIRST FREE BAPTIST SOCIETY, corner of Cumberland and Casco St.—Rev. J. M. Lowden, Pastor. Preaching at 3 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 1.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Sunday evening at 7, Tuesday evening at 7½ and Young People's Friday evening at 7½.

HARMON'S HALL, West End.—Rev. E. W. Hutchinson, pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. by J. F. Hutchins, and 7 p. m. Sabbath School immediately after morning sermon. Seats free. All are invited

BAYSIDE PARISH.—Rev. B. F. Pitchard, pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m., 2 and 6 p. m. Sabbath School at 11.45 a. m. and 1 p. m. Social meeting at 7½ p. m.

ST. LUKE'S CATHEDRAL, State St.—Clergy; Rt. Rev. H. A. Neely, Rev. G. W. Hayes. Morning service on Sunday 10½ o'clock, evening service at 7. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Daily service at 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

FERRY VILLAGE M. E. CHURCH.—Rev. S. F. Wetherbee, pastor. Sunday School at 10½ a. m. Preaching by the pastor at 2 p. m. Social service at 7 o'clock in the evening.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, corner of Congress and Locust St.—Rev. C. J. Ketchum, rector. Services at 10½ a. m. 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 3 p. m.

FIRST PARISH CHURCH.—(Unitarian), No. 2—Congress street.—Rev. Thomas Hill, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10½ a. m.

GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MISSION, Cor. Congress and Chapel Streets.—Rev. S. F. Pearson, pastor. Services will be held as follows: Every evening at 7½ p. m. Sunday, Prayer meetings at 9 a. m. 3 and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 10½ a. m. Season of song at 6½ p. m. All are welcomed.

FIRST UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, Congress Square. Rev. Wm. E. Gibbs, pastor. Services at 10½ a. m. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 3 p. m.

ABYSSINIAN CHURCH, Newbury St.—Preaching at 3 p. m. by S. F. Pearson. Social prayer and praise meeting at 7½ p. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Congress St., opposite Lincoln Park.—Rev. T. D. Anderson, Jr., pastor. Sunday School at 1.45 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. Social prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

PREBLE CHAPEL.—Sunday School at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3. Temperance meeting at 7. Free to all.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, Union Hall, 143 Free St. Preaching Sunday at 10.30 A. M. and 3 P. M by Elder Kellaway. Prayer meeting at 9 A. M. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 12. m. Seats free.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE HALL.—Spiritual Meeting at 2.30 p. m. In connection with the usual exercises will be select readings by Mrs. Currier.

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, New High Street.—Rev. J. K. Smyth, pastor. Divine Service at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Preaching by the pastor. Subject: "The Ribband of Blue." Sabbath School at 12 m.

PINE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev J. F. Hutchins, pastor. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 3 p. m. Class meeting 11½ A. M. Sabbath school at 1½ p. m. Prayer meetings at 6 and 7. p. m.

INDIA ST. UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. C. A. Hayden, pastor. Services at 3 and 7 p. m. Subject of evening lecture, The "Religion of India."

CHESTNUT ST. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. C. J. Clark pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 1½. Young people's meeting at 6. Praise and Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

CONGRESS ST. M. E. CHURCH, Rev. A. S. Ladd, pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m. by the pastor. 2 p. m. a memorial sermon in reference to the late Capt. Chas E. Bunker. Sunday School at 1½. Social meeting at 6 and 7 p. m.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.—Rev. Herbert W. Lathe pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

SECOND UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner Park and Pleasant Sts.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. John Wills, at 10½ a. m. Subject: "The Lord's Prayer" "Give us this day our daily bread." All are cordially invited both to the morning service and to the Bible Class held in the library at 7. p. m. Sunday School at 12 m.

SPIRITUAL FRATERNITY Rossini Hall, Exchange St.—Meeting at 2.30 and 7.15 p m. Opening exercises—prominent spiritualist and mediums will address the meetings. All interested are cordially invited.

WEST CHAPEL, Congress St.—Rev. J. F. Morgan pastor. Sunday School at 11 A. M. Preaching at 3 p. m. Sunday School Concert at 7 p. m. Seats free. All are welcome.

FREE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. Jas. McWhinnie, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Sunday School Concert at 7 p. m.

United States District Court.

BEFORE JUDGE FOX.

The United States by indictment vs. Alexander Martin. Jury returned a verdict of guilty on the fifth and sixth counts, being the only counts on which he was tried at this term.

United States by indictment vs. Robert Kaulbeck. Retail liquor dealer without a license. Pleaded guilty. Sentenced to sixty days in jail at Portland, and a fine of $100.

Charles E. Clifford for defendant.

Court adjourned to Saturday.

Municipal Court.

BEFORE JUDGE KNIGHT.

FRIDAY.—Alonzo Foster and Charles Hayes. Intoxication. Fined $3 and costs each. Paid.

Charles Pooler. Search and seizure. Fined $100 and costs and three months in county jail. Committed.

Brief Jottings.

Fine day yesterday. Mercury 16° at sunrise. 36° at noon, 29° at sunset; wind west.

The Reform Club will hold a temperance meeting at the Friendly Inn this evening at 7½ o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Diet Mission will be held this (Saturday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the Fraternity rooms.

At the First Parish tomorrow morning Dr. Hill will preach the second of his sermons upon the question, What is Unitarianism?

The Temperance Union will hold their usual Sunday evening meeting at Congress Hall. Mr. A. B. Brown and others will address the meeting. All are invited.

The steamship Dominion took 26,000 bushels wheat, 32,000 bushels peas, 6,000 bushels barley, 50,000 pounds bacon, 24,000 pounds butter and 37,520 pounds of cheese for Liverpool. The cargo was valued at $218,212.

One of the most deservedly popular places of amusement in the city is the roller skating rink at Lancaster Hall. The hall is open every evening and the company which gathers there is made up from our best citizens. Whether skating or seeing others skate, it is a very enjoyable place to pass an evening.

Cape Elizabeth.

The Republican District committee was organized at Cape Elizabeth yesterday by the choice of the following officers:

Chairman—E. N. Perry.
Secretary—J. W. Beatty.

SERIOUS SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Charles R. Moulton Shoots His Hostler.

THE INJURED MAN HAS MORE THAN AN EVEN CHANCE FOR RECOVERY.

Moulton Gives Bail in $10,000.

Yesterday morning, shortly after midnight Mr. Charles R. Moulton, a young man of family and means, who resides with his mother at No. 9 Park Place, walked into the police station and said to Deputy Black, that he had had an altercation with his hostler, Thomas H. Raymond, at the corner of Brackett and Spring streets, during which he had seized Raymond's revolver and discharged it into the ground lest Raymond should do him an injury. He thought he ought to report the case and therefore had done so. Deputy Black, knowing who Mr. Moulton was, and having no reason to suppose that anything serious had occurred, requested that gentleman to appear at 9½ o'clock at the office, first asking him if he had fired at Raymond, or if he had hit him, to both of which questions Moulton made a denial. The Deputy supposed, very naturally, the affair was a trivial matter, and did not report the case to the reporters. At the appointed time Mr. Moulton appeared and as no complaint had been made, he was allowed to depart. Intelligence at about the same time being received to the effect that a man had been shot and was to be found at the house, No. 30 Winter street, Marshal Bridges and Deputy Black proceeded thither and found Raymond, who positively refused to give any account of the affair, or any reason therefor, other than that Moulton had shot him. Marshal Bridges and Deputy Black then got out a warrant and arrested Mr. Moulton who admitted that he had shot at Raymond although he did not know at the time that he had hit him.

MR. MOULTON'S STATEMENT.

In conversation with Mr. Moulton at the station that gentleman stated to a PRESS reporter that Raymond had been in his employ for a year past. He had had trouble with him several times on account of reasons he was not willing to make public. Wednesday night he went to a party at the residence of his cousin, Mr. D. H. Ingraham, on High street. About 11.30 p. m. he left the party and decided to go up to the stable on Cushman street and discharge Raymond from his employ. Mr. Moulton has quite a penchant for fine horses, and owns five or six, which he keeps at this stable. Raymond had a room at the stable which he occupied. Mr. Moulton continued, saying that when he reached the corner of Spring and Clark streets he met Raymond. This was about 12 o'clock. They began to talk and had a decided altercation over the matter previously referred to. While they were talking he (Moulton) saw the handle of a revolver peeping out of a hip pocket of Raymond's, and, for fear the hostler might do him an injury, he (Moulton) drew it out and discharged all the barrels into the ground. He then handed Raymond back his revolver, when Raymond threw it at him and made a motion as if to draw another revolver, or knife, from the other hip pocket. Knowing that Raymond was a man of violent temper and a heavier man than himself, Mr. Moulton drew his own revolver and fired twice at Raymond, who turned and fled. He (Moulton) then went to the station and reported the case. He did not think he had hit the hostler, and he fired at him simply in self-defense.

MR. RAYMOND'S STATEMENT.

A reporter for the PRESS called at the residence of Mr. Caleb Griffin, No. 30 Winter St., to see Mr. Raymond, who takes his meals there, and who had gone there after he was wounded. Mr. Raymond could not see the reporter, owing to his wounds, but Mr. Griffin was prepared to tell the reporter what Mr. Raymond's statement was. Raymond says that he had been in the employ of Mr. Moulton for some time, and that, until about two weeks ago, he has lived at Mr. Moulton's house. At that time Mr. Moulton decided to have him occupy a room at the stable and take his meals elsewhere. Some ten days ago Mr. Moulton left for New York, where he intended to pass the winter. A day or two after his departure he sent some money to pay for stable expenses, and on Thursday Mr. Raymond was expecting a letter inclosing money to pay for hay. After attending to the horses Thursday night, Mr. Raymond decided to go to Mr. Moulton's house and see if a letter had been received. He went down about ten o'clock, and when he was coming away, Mrs. Moulton wished him to remain and occupy his old room. He accordingly acceded to her request and retired to his room, where he remained reading until about 11.35, and then retired. About fifteen minutes later the door-bell rung, and on answering it, to his astonishment, he saw Mr. Moulton who, he supposed, was in New York. Moulton came in and had an angry altercation with him and ordered him to go to the stable. Raymond dressed and started to go, Mr. Moulton following. As they went down the front steps Moulton saw Raymond's revolver in his hip pocket (Raymond was in advance) and took it, putting it in his own pocket. They proceeded up Spring street together, quarreling all the way, and when near Winter street Moulton discharged four barrels of the revolver in the air, and when a little further along, the remaining three, after which he returned the weapon. As they reached the corner of Brackett street more angry words followed, when Moulton drew his own revolver—a small sized Smith & Wesson—and discharged it in Raymond's face, following it up with other shots, when Raymond flung his empty revolver at his assailant and then ran. When he reached the corner of Pine street he became weak from the loss of blood, and was compelled to ask assistance. Two men, who were standing on the corner, were attracted by the unsteady gait of Raymond, and he told them that he was hurt and would have to ask their assistance in getting to his home, as he was afraid he should fall by the way and freeze if he attempted to go alone. He said that he had been looking for a policeman, but had not seen one. The men helped him back, down Brackett street to Winter. The bell was rung and Mr. Griffin came to the door. Raymond spoke calmly, saying, "Don't be frightened Mr. Griffin, I am slightly hurt, but there is nothing to be alarmed about." After entering he said he had been "peppered," and that a surgeon was needed. Mr. Griffin immediately summoned Drs. Hutchinson and Bray.

WILLIAM H. GREEN'S STORY.

Mr. William H. Green, who lives at the corner of Spring and Brackett streets, says that he was awakened shortly before 12 o'clock by the sound of pistol shots. He got up and looked out of the window. He heard angry voices but could not distinguish the men. The sound seemed to come from the Spring street side of the house. One voice said with an oath, "Don't you ever come near my house again." The other replied "I haven't been to your house." The first said "You have. I am not in the habit of shooting but if I find you there again I will shoot you." Upon that the men came round the corner into Brackett street, directly under the gaslight. After some more talk, the shorter man, probably Raymond, fired three shots at the other, upon which the taller, probably Moulton, fired three shots at the first assailant, which seemed to take effect. The man was seen crouching down, near the fence, where traces of blood were found yesterday morning.

Mr. Green yesterday morning found one of the bullets which had lodged in the woodwork of his house.

OTHER STORIES.

Of course the noise of the altercation aroused all the neighbors in the vicinity of Brackett and Spring streets. One lady heard the quarreling and looked out of the window. She immediately cried out to her husband that one man was drawing a knife on the other for she saw it glisten. The next moment she saw it was the nickel plated handle of a revolver and it was fired in the air four times. A gentleman heard the quarrelling and looked out of his window. He says he saw Moulton and Raymond standing on the corner, side by side, under the gaslight. Moulton had a revolver in his hand. He heard him say to the other man, "G–d d–n you; if you ever –" and then came some words he couldn't catch, "I'll shoot you." This remark Moulton repeated, and then deliberately raised the revolver and discharged it at the head of Raymond, although he was so near that Moulton could almost touch Raymond's head with the pistol. Moulton repeated the shot, both taking effect, and, as he was about firing a third time, Raymond flung something at him which Moulton did not dodge, but fired the third shot which went into the fence. As Moulton fired this third shot Raymond threw up both hands as if to ward off the shot. He then appeared to spit blood on the snow and ran off up Brackett street followed by Moulton, who fired a fourth time. Then Moulton turned back, picked up what Raymond had flung at him, probably his revolver, and went off.

THE DOCTORS' STATEMENT.

Drs. Bray and Hutchinson say that Raymond has more than an even chance of recovery. Dr. Bray says when he was called Raymond was cool as a cucumber and spoke with contempt of the poor little weapon Moulton used. One shot had entered one side of the nose, crumbled the base of the bone of the nose, and lodged in the opposite cheek. It remains there as the doctors do not wish to disturb it at present. The other shot entered the right cheek and dropped into the gullet and was swallowed by Raymond. Both shots were fired so close to the man his face was scorched by the powder. It took an hour and a half to stop the hemorrhage, and, we may here say that yesterday morning there were traces of blood on the snow all the way from Spring to Pine street, and at the latter there were a number of pools which had soaked into the snow.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS BAIL.

Moulton was arraigned yesterday afternoon before Judge Knight. Examination was waived and in consideration of the doctors' statement that the wounded man would probably recover, bail was allowed. The amount was fixed at $10,000. Charles E. Marwick, W. S. Jordan and Thomas L. Merrill became the prisoner's sureties and he was released. He will be tried at the May term of the Superior Court.

A SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.

It will be seen that neither of the men are willing to make a statement of the cause of the trouble. Of course there are all manner of reports afloat which have no substantial basis. There is one singular circumstance about the affair. Mr. Moulton returned on the 5 p. m. train Thursday, went to the Falmouth Hotel and took a room instead of going home. He drove from the Falmouth to the party and, while there, we are informed, about 11 o'clock a servant told him a person at the door wanted to see him. He went away immediately afterwards. After reporting himself at the station Moulton went back to the hotel, wrote a short note to Mr. Adams, the clerk, and then retired to his room.

Reception of Gov. Davis.

The last assembly of the Fraternity course will take place at City Hall next Tuesday evening, Feb. 10th, when a grand reception will be tendered Governor Davis and staff and the Executive Council. This will of course prove a very popular feature for the closing night of the course. As the Fraternity have always put themselves forward in furnishing something attractive to close their dances they of course will have the co-operation of the citizens of Portland. It is not intended to make this a full dress affair, but one of the best assemblies of the season. The committee think it advisable to reserve the gallery. Tickets 50 cents including reserved seats and can be obtained at Farrington's store, 182 Middle street, where the plan of the gallery may be seen. These tickets admit to the gallery only. Tickets admitting a gentleman and ladies to the hall at $1.00, may be had at the same place. We hope to see a large attendance at the Mayor's room at 7.45, when the reception will take place, after which the company will proceed to the hall, when Chandler's full brass band will discourse some of their best music. Of course there will be a large crowd present.

Loyal League of Portland.

The association recently formed in this city is rapidly increasing its membership and very many of the best Republicans of Portland are among its members. The League, now temporarily located, will, in a few days, complete arrangements for permanent quarters, and the prospect for the organization is very flattering. The following letter from the Hon. N. Webb will be read with regret by its members.

PORTLAND, Feb'y 6, 1880.

Wm. T. Small, Secty., Portland:

Dear Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter informing me that the Loyal League of Portland have elected me as president, and asking my acceptance of that position.

While fully sympathizing with what I understand to be the objects proposed by your organization, I am compelled to decline the honor of being its president.

The prosperity of such an association, and the successful accomplishment of the ends it aims at, require of its officers more constant attendance at its meetings, and more active participation in its action than it will be possible for me to give.

Very truly yours,
NATHAN WEBB.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

OLD FOLKS CONCERT.

Those who attend the Orthodox meeting house at Woodford's Corner, Deering, will give an Old Folks' Concert at Lewis' Hall, Wednesday evening, September 11th. The singers will appear in costume of the olden time, and will sing the songs their fathers sang in the days of Auld Lang Syne, besides a number of worldly songs. A good time is promised. The society has lately purchased a new organ, to hel ppay for which this concert is given.

THE STRATEGISTS.

To-night the last performance of the Strategists will be given. We hope both this performance and the matinee this afternoon will be crowded. The play is very funny, the actors admirable in their respective roles, and one gets far more than the worth of his money.

Personal.

A memorial service will be held at Congress street church Sunday afternoon in honor of the late Charles E. Bunker, and will be attended by the Odd Fellows of Ancient Brothers Lodge.

S. H. and R. F. Doten, members of the firm of S. H. & A. R. Doten, of this city, start today for San Francisco on a pleasure trip for two months.

Supreme Chancellor D. B. Woodruff, of Macon, Georgia, the head of the order of Knights of Pythias in the United States, and in fact in the world, is expected in Portland today, and will meet with a hospitable reception. A special meeting of the lodges is called for this evening at 7.30 at Pythian Hall, where the Supreme Chancellor will meet the members of the order.

Mystic Lodge No. 2. I. O. G. T.

The following were installed as officers of Mystic Lodge No. 2, I. O. G. T., for the ensuing quarter on Thursday, Feb. 5th, by G. W. C. T., A. J. Chase, assisted by L D., J. B. Thorndike, and G. W. M., E. Leach:

W. C. T.—W. W. Wallace.
W. V. T.—Miss Katie Phillips.
R. S.—S. H. Brown.
F. S.—J. F. Holmes.
W. T.—T. W. Burnham.
W. C.—Mrs. Orne.
W. M.—John Williams.
W. I. G.—Edward Grover.
W. O. G.—Thomas Headley.
A. S.—Julia A. Bean.
D. M.—Mrs. Williams.
R. H. S.—Geo. A. Trimer.
L. H. S.—Mrs. A. M. Thompson.
P W. C. T.—A. H. Spear.

Trustees for the ensuing year—J. F. St. John, A. H. Spear and J. B. Thorndike.

Republican County Committee.

The Republican County Committee met at Republican Headquarters, yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock. Samuel Dingley, Esq., presided and Mr. John M. Stevens officiated as secretray. On motion the temporary organization was made permanent. There was a general discussion and consultation of the state of affairs throughout the county and the reports showed a very flourishing condition of affairs. The committee as constituted are men of experience and ability and will no doubt see to it that the cause of Republicanism does not suffer.

Rossini Hall.

The Spiritual Fraternity having secured the above beautiful and cosy hall for their Sunday meetings cordially invite all interested in the cause of Spiritualism to meeting and cooperate with them in their work of disseminating its teaching. Next Sunday opening exercises will commence at 2.30 and 7.15 p. m. Prominent Spiritualists and mediums will address the meetings. Seats free to all.

Arrival of the Nathan Cleaves.

Schooner Nathan Cleaves, Atwood, from Virginia, with oysters for Timmons & Hawes, arrived yesterday forenoon. When the gale struck her she was at the entrance of Vineyard Sound, and by skillful management made Holmes' Hole. Capt. Atwood reports it as the severest storm he has ever experienced.

Cap'n Chase Again.

MR. EDITOR: I see that Cap'n Chase is talked of for Mayor. If he said what was reported in that interview in the paper I think he would make a good one. The interview showed that the Cap'n was an able, discreet and statesmanlike citizen, and would make a judicious officer of whom we might well be proud. For the reason above given I second the nomination. BALDY SOURS.

P. S.—A man has just come in who says the Cap'n never said what was in the paper. He says the reporter made it all up, that Chase never knew enough to say what the paper said he did. I take it all back. B. S.

SUFFERING IRELAND.

A Relief Meeting in City Hall.

A fair audience gathered at City Hall last evening in response to the call of several of our prominent citizens to devise some means by which the suffering of the famine stricken people of Ireland can be alleviated. The meeting was called to order by Alderman Cunningham, who introduced as chairman of the meeting Mayor Walker.

Mr. Walker made a very appropriate and telling speech. He reviewed the history of the land question in Ireland, and attributed to it the awful distress, misery and woe which exists there today. The land in Ireland, he said, is held by a few non-working aristocrats. The curse of absenteeism was also reviewed and denounced in severe terms. The duty of us today is to contribute all we can to the people of Ireland—children of heriedtary oppression.

At the conclusion of his address Mayor Walker introduced Father Bradley.

The reverend gentleman was received with great applause. Father Bradley in opening expressed his surprise and disapprobation at the small number. This is a time for action, not for talk. A nation is in danger of starvation and stretches out her hands to us for aid. The papers both in England and this country teem with accounts of the distress in Ireland. The action of the Duchess of Marlborough and the New York Herald is proof of the dire misery of the starving poor in Erin.

Father Bradley then read a letter from a Bishop in Ireland, which drew a terrible picture of the famine in Ireland. The work of death is daily progressing. He also read another letter, which stated that around one house over three hundred starving people gathered asking for food.

Father Bradley stated that in person he visited the famine districts, and that no language could describe the misery of the people. The famine in Ireland cannot be attributed to a want of energy or industry of the Irish people. The destitution in Ireland is not due to the drunkenness of the peasant. There is less liquor consumed in Ireland than in either England or Scotland. Statistics show it. I do not propose to discuss the true cause of Ireland's distress. I leave that to the politician. Of one thing we may be sure, and that is a large number of the Irish people are starving. England to her lasting disgrace has neglected to give succor to the distressed peasantry, but now it appears from the Queen's address that a vague and indefinite plan is proposed to alleviate the wants of Ireland.

Father Bradley then spoke in scathing terms of the maternal interest, so-called, of England. In the hour of her dire distress Ireland appeals to the great republic across the ocean and to the generous, sympathetic republic of France. He then described the poor-houses of Ireland, a system devised mainly for a few. In order to be admitted into these charnel houses one must give up home and family, there to be separated from all he holds dear. No man is admitted who has a home, therefore ninety per cent. of the people are excluded. In one poor house which I visited, over two thousand out of the five thousand inmates were in the hospital. Is it to be wondered at that the Irish people refuse to enter these houses of death.

In conclusion Father Bradley appealed to the citizens of Portland to aid those dying of starvation in Ireland. When the fire-fiend swept over this, our Forest City, other cities generously came to her aid. Ireland calls to us for aid. Let us give noble reponse, and the return will come soon.

After Father Bradley's address Mr. Edward Duddy moved that a committee be appointed to solicit subscriptions. The motion was put by Mayor Walker.

Mr. T. F. Donahue then addressed the audience in favor of the resolution. Mr. Donahue made an eloquent appeal for Ireland. He concluded by seconding the motion, which was then carried unanimously.

Mr. D. O'C. O'Donoghue then made a few remarks. He expressed surprise that so few were present saying that it was a disgrace upon the Catholic Irishmen of Portland. Mr. O'Donoghue then gave an interesting account of the land system in Ireland. Under that system there is no justice for the tenant farmer. He closed by an earnest appeal for aid.

A committee was then appointed to solicit subscriptions on the floor, and reported the following subscriptions.

Irish American Relief Association	$500.00
Ancient Order of Hibernians	200.00
Chas. McCarthy	100.00
James Cunningham	100.00
James McGlinchy	100.00
Chas. F. Swett	10.00
J. J. Lynch	25.00
Geo. P. Wescott	50.00
George Walker	20.00
A. A. Strout	25.00
D. H. Ingraham	50.00
Nathan Webb	20.00
Rev. Denis M. Bradley	100.00
Rev. Chas. W. Doherty	25.00
Rev. Timothy P. Linehan	25.00
B. E. McDonough	10.00
Neal Devine	2.00
Thomas Hassett	5.00
Patrick Feaney	25.00
John O'Brien	50
Patrick Keating	25.00
John Davis	5.00
John Coleman	1.00
G. R. Bernard	5.00
J. W. Peters	10.00
Cash	2.00
Mary Carney	1.00
James DeWolf	10.00
James Connellan	20.00
Wm. Ladrigan	5.00
M. Flaherty	2.00
D. Holliher	2.00
Thos. Shannon	5.00
P. McGowan	5.00
A. S. Judd	1.00
D. Sullivan	1.00
Cash	1.00
F. Sheean	1.00
D. Reardon	50
Cash	1.00
J. Fitzsimmons	1.00
T. J. Lappin	5.00
Cash	1.00
Peter Burke	1.00
John Harmon	1.00
Hugh Devine	10.00
John Gulliver	20.00
Jas. Melaugh	1.00
Cash	25
Jas. Shean	5.00
T. Kelley	5.00
P. Quinn	10.00
J. Cady	5.00
J. McCloskey	1.00
H. Sheridan	1.00
Cash	2.00
M. Boyse	2.00
Edward Logue	2.00
T. Love	2.00
G. Love	1.00
D. Gurney	2.00
J. Nagle	5.00
Cash	50
R Costello	5.00
John McGee	2.00
T. McGowan	5.00
M. Kelley	1.00
P. Sullivan	1.00
John Scanlon	1.00
T. Hayes	1.00
D. M. Mannis	5.00
John Silver	1.00
M. Meehan	2.00
P. McGowan	5.00
Cash	50
Wm. Price	2.00
J. Price	2.00
Wm. McAleney	10.00
M. H. Davis	25.00
T. Keating	5.00
J. Herbert	5.00
D. Kelley	2.00
Wm. Melaugh	5.00
P. F. Sheean	5.00
John Sawyer	5.00
D. W. Cunningham	5.00
W. McCloud	5.00
P. F. Lynch	25.00
P. Hamilton	5.00
Corneluis Conley	25.00
M. Somers	1.00
A. H. Harris	1.00
Cash	50
Peter O'Connor	10.00
W. H. Lyons	5.00
J. Lappin	10.00
D. A. Meaher	5.00
Cash	1.00
Cash	1.00
P. McCue	1.00
J. C. Haverley	2.00
P. R. Shannahan	10.00
W. H. Kohling	25.00
P. Griffin	1.00
P. Kerwin	5.00
D. Gallagher	2.00
J. Whalen	2.00
G. Massey	1.00
George Keeley	5.00
J. Cronan	2.00
J. McBride	1.00
Mrs. Phelan	50
Total	$1857.25

T. F. Donahue, Bion Bradbury, A. A. Strout, J. J. Lynch and Edward Dudley, committee on resolutions, reported the following:

RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas, We have learned with the deepest regret that in consequence of the failure of the crops and other deplorable causes great destitution and even starvation exist in many localities in Ireland, and are imminent in several others, and

Whereas, There has always been a strong bond of sympathy between the people of the United States and the people of Ireland,—a sympathy that has been expressed upon more than one occasion when trouble afflicted either country; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, citizens of the city of Portland, in mass meeting assembled, do hereby offer our most heartfelt sympathy to the suffering people in Ireland in their present distress and afflictions, and in order to give a more substantial form to our sympathy, it is resolved that a suitable organization be appointed to collect subscriptions and forward the same to Ireland for distribution in the most effective manner to relieve the existing distress.

Resolved, That the Land laws are fatal to the prosperity of Ireland and to the interests of the Irish people, that they breed famine, poverty, and wretchedness, that they crush the mind, destroy the genius, and undermine the powers of Ireland, and that they are in every way baneful to the whole body of the population, and that the permanent welfare of Ireland is imperilled as long as they exist.

Resolved, That in futherance of the objects of this meeting, as expressed in the resolutions adopted, an executive committee of twenty-five gentlemen, with power to add to their number and fill vacancies, be now appointed to carry out all measures which may be necessary for raising and receiving subscriptions and donations, and transmitting the same in the most appropriate manner, for the relief of the suffering people of Ireland, and that said committee be and is hereby empowered to adopt suitable rules and regulations, to appoint a treasurer and collector, and other officers, and to do all things necessary for carrying out these purposes, and said committee, at the conclusion of its labors, shall publish a full and correct account of the disposition made and of all subscriptions and donations that shall have come into its hands.

An executive committee consisting of the following gentlemen was then appointed to perfect arrangements for receiving subscriptions, &c.:

Mayor Walker, Alderman Cunningham, Jas. Bailey, Gen. Mattocks, D. Mannix, Thos. Hassett, J. A. Gallagher, D. H. Ingraham, S. C. Strout, A. Bennett, W. H. Looney, Daniel E. Bowen, D. D. Harrigan, Hon. Geo. P. Wescott, Wm. Melaugh, F. W. Cunningham, Hon. W. W. Thomas, Jr., Edward Duddy, Hugh McGowan, D. O'C. O'Donoghue, James Conellan, B. C. Donahue, J. C. Haverty, T. E. Hartnett, T. P. McGowan, T. F. Donahue,

Obadiah on Jefferson.

MR. EDITOR: I see by Thursday's Argus that Obadiah, the ancient, has turned up again, and like Mrs. Pardiggle in Bleak House, has thrust under our nose (instead of a tract) Jefferson.

It is wonderful to what uses this old veteran puts the sage of Monticello. He makes his opinion upon public matters as elastic as a rubber ball. Let the subject be what it will out Obadiah whisks Jefferson's works and proves that this "Good Father of Democracy" was an ardent exponent of the principle and its ardent advocate. A few months since Obadiah proved that Jefferson believed in the power of the general government to issue treasury notes enough to meet the demands of business. Only think of Jefferson believing the government ought to go into the banking business!

Now he has discovered that Jefferson was the ardent friend of such rascalities as Garcelon, Chase and Fogg committed in this State. We shall hear next that Jefferson was in favor of asking Congress to interfere in the local affairs of States. I demur at this abuse of the departed statesman. I say to Obadiah that nobody believes Jefferson was a Greenbacker. Nobody believes he ever dreamed that eight such men as Garcelon, Chase, Fogg and company could be found in office in any one State. No, Jefferson believed that the majority should rule, and that is just what Obadiah doesn't want. The fact is the old fellow should quote Pillsbury's works in favor of the steal, and not from that of a man who never had while living a feeling in common with anything like the thieving Democracy of this State.

REPUBLICAN.

Gorham.

At a regular meeting of Gorham Lodge, I. O. G. T., held on Monday evening, the following officers were installed:

W. C. T.—Rev. Thomas Tyrie.
W. V. T.—Mrs. G. M. Floyd.
W. S.—Charles Larry.
W. T.—Edward J. Kenney.
W. M.—Ally Hanson.
W. C.—Benj. Merrill.
W. I. G.—Jennie Libby.
W. O. G.—Hiram Woodman.
W. A. S.—Henry Morrill.
W. D. M.—Clara Libby.
W. R. H. S.—Louisa Berry.
W. L. H. S.—Mrs. L. W. Parkhurst.

The W. S. reported the number of members in good standing, 138.

Weekly List of Patents

Weekly list of patents relating to railways and engineering, dated Feb 3, '80, reported for the "Railway Age" by C. E. Foster, Patent Solicitor, 509, 7th street, Washington, D. C.

224,000—Henry T. Cummings, Portland, treating and curing Spanish moss.
225,180—Moses Y. Hall, Vinalhaven, Me., bagtie.
224,106—Gustavus W. Parker, Brunswick, dovelading machine.
Sarah A. Ulmer, Portland, egg beater.

102 YEARS OLD.

Death of Aaron McKenny of Saco.

Aaron McKenny died very suddenly at 6.20 o'clock, Friday evening, Feb. 6, 1880, at his farm residence in Saco, at the great age of one hundred and two years, one month and sixteen days.

He was in full possession of his faculties to the last moment, and conversed with his friends within an hour of his death. He was possessed of remarkable firmness of purpose, and conducted his own business affairs to the last day of his life. He was five feet ten inches in height, and, a few years since, his weight was one hundred and fifty pounds; his eyes were blue and his hair,

POETRY.

[FOR THE PRESS.]

BALLADE: OF CHESTNUTS IN THE FIRE.

BY ATLANTA.

I.

My little sweetheart, not seven summers old—
Gold-locks, and gray eyes large and unafraid—
Now all the tale of summer days is told,
Remember how in time of June we played
Where sun and shadow of branches seemed to braid,
And bluebirds sang above, a bright glad quire—
Of that fair place I thought, as now I laid
Chestnuts in crimson embers of the fire!

II.

In early autumn, when a road of gold
Bloomed for the sceptre of my little maid,
In pink soft fingers would she lightly hold
It over my bent head; and while it swayed
"A queen," proclaimed my lady, "must be obeyed:
Pray pick some nuts and break off every brier,
We'll play red leaves are coals, and lay (she said)
Chestnuts in crimson embers of the fire."

III.

And now to-day, while winter's wind a-cold,
Cries all about the house as if afraid,
Come where the woodfire blazes; now unfold
The soft white scarf, unwrap the pretty plaid;
Smooth the blond curls the wild rough wind has frayed—
Puss on the hearthrug sits demure and staid,
Washing with dainty tongue her sleek attire—
When the nuts snap, will puss not be dismayed?
Chestnuts in crimson embers of the fire!

ENVOI.

My lady, whither now hath fancy strayed?
You care but little for my ballad made
Of chestnuts. That I seek, is your desire
(Thus the poor cat i'the adage once essayed)
Chestnuts in crimson embers of the fire?

[From All the Year Round.]

Along the Lakes of Alnmouth.

I.

"Well, Annice, I'll say it again. Ye mich gae fairther and fare worse; and ye'll own it yersel' ane o' these days."

"An' will it be your son bid ye tell me so, Mrs. Garth? Indeed, an' 'twas verra kind 'o him; an' 'tis he knows best his ain value"

"Eh, but you're a saucy girl Annice. Ye knaw weel eneuch that John's no the man to say anything for himsel'; tho' weel he micht, an' he were willing."

"Ay, but he'll set you to say it; an' for the matter o' that I'd as lief hear't from himsel'. Sure an' it's a' ane to me, an' if you're willin', I'll be biddin' ye gude day the noo, Mrs. Garth, for I'm gaun wi' a message to Meestress Plaistaws at Warkworth; an' I'm no minded to be driven aboot any man, least o' a' ane who thinks sae weel o' himself 's John Garth!" with which, and in a little pet, which flushed her pretty cheeks carnation-wise and lent a double sparkle to her bright blue eyes, Annice Laidlaw caught up a little basket, and departed with a whisk of her short skirts from the cottage door at which she had been standing for the last ten minutes. Mrs. Garth, a thin, rather hard-featured old woman wearing a widow's cap and a rusty black gown, and with joints sorely crippled by rheumatism, looked after her with a sigh and shook her head frowningly.

"Noo, I'll hae jest made maitters worse," she said to herself with a second shake somewhat more resigned than the first. "An' John'll blame me whin he coomes to hear on't; but I canna see that lass playin' wi' him i' the way she does; an' if she will na' take a waird frae her luv's mither, she's no the woman to make a good wife to him, an' sae I'll tell him". In despite of which conclusion Mrs. Garth felt uncomfortgble in her heart and went back with another sigh to her wash tub, and the crooning of certain homely but dreary psalm tunes which had been handed down from the times of the Covenanters to those of her own mother; and having been sung to her as a lullaby, had served the same purpose with her own children.

Whenever Mrs. Garth was heard crooning one of these grim old tunes, it was a sure sign that she had been stirred in spirit respecting some member of her family.

She had only one left on earth to her now, the John above mentioned. A strong-hearted, right thinking, north country woman, she had borne with much travail, and reared with hard labor and patient love, five strapping, strong-limbed children from infancy to maturity; slaving for them night and day when they were young, and living hard and faring poorly that they might be fed and clothed and have a "bit of schooling" to fit them for the world they were to labor in—four sons and one daughter. Then came one wild and boisterous night when the waves beat like the thunder of a thousand cannon on the rocks of Dustanborough, and flung themselves in sheets of milk-white foam over the slend-r light-house on Coquet Isle, and raved and roared up to the very cottage doors of Alnmouth; and in that storm Mrs. Garth's husband and three elder lads, together with her daughter's bride-groom of three months' standing, went down into eternity; nor was aught of them ever given back to greet the widow's eyes save a shattered boat and one bruised and mangled corpse flung high on the Boulmer sands on the following morning. The daughter did not stay long behind. She was but a young thing, poor girl, married early, as the lassies of the "north countrie" generally are; and after her fisher lad's death she just "pined and dwithered," to use her neighbors' phrase, "an' coughed oot like the fag end o' a wind," dying six months after her husband in the effort to give birth to a child who never opened its eyes on a world where there were none to welcome it.

Mrs. Garth laid them both in one grave beside that which held h r husband's battered corpse, and went back to her own cottage, a bent, gray-haired woman, leaning on the arm of the one son left her. To him from that day forth she devoted herself with a stern and passionate love, which only the unconquerable reserve of the Northumbrian character prevented her from expressing by those signs and caresses which another woman would have freely lavished on him who was indeed a Benjamin to her in her bereavement. The utmost she ever allowed herself to say on the subject was: "Ay, he's a gude lad to me, an' I'll no deny I set some store by him."

In truth John Garth was a very good son—sober, steady, and hard working, and and though a fisher-man, like the rest of his family, and therefore often causing his mother anxious hours and nights of prayer and wakefulness, he had never added a wrinkle to her brow of his own willfulness; and now at seven-and-twenty was still a bachelor, because in his love for his mother he had determined to take no wife to himself until his means would allow him not only to support her and any family he might have by her, but to secure a home to the woman whom hard labor and sorrow had prematurely aged. Mrs. Garth was active and energetic enough still, and would willingly have made out that she was quite able to keep herself. But John would not hear to her doing so, and being a very decided young man—"masterful" his mother called it—she knew better than to try to go against him when he had once set his will on anything. Had she even said a cold word when she found that his heart was lost to Annice Laidlaw, a pretty, blue-eyed, saucy little coquette who lived with her old grandmother in a wee cottage down on the beach, and was almost the last girl in Alnmouth whom she would have thought of picking out far a daughter-in-law? Annice hadn't a farthing in her pouch to bless herself with save what she earned by her own needle; yet she was so far from bowing down to John's supremacy, and accepting his love with gratitude, that she had no sooner beguiled his heart into her meshes than she played hot and cold with it, half yielded and half held off, and teased and tormented him in a way which filled Mrs. Garth's motherly heart with indignation, and even brought down on herself the censure of many of her feminine neighbors, who wondered what she could be thinking of to trifle with a man like John Garth. Faith, and if she lost him a'together there'd be a dizzen lassies ready to take oop wi' him, an' where would she be then?"

And meanwhile John only loved her the better for it, as big, strong, generous-hearted men often do pretty, impulsive, quick-tempered little women; and thought himself unworthy of her that it was a wonder to him at first that she didn't send him away altogether and followed after her like a faithful Newfoundland dog, thinking the whole day bright if she gave him a smile at the beginning of it, and thought no sight so lovely as when Annice, who, after all, had been a childish pet of his mother, ran in, as she often did to give his mother a helping hand with her baking or cleaning up; or, perhaps, took one of his own coarse blue socks from the widow's stiffened fingers, and sat down to darn it, with a charming little assumption of meekness and "gudewifery", which made her more than ever fascinating to the honest fisherman.

"If she wuld but bind 'hersel' to me!" he used to say to himself. "Come next autumn, I will ha' paid off the last two instalments of the new boatie, an' culd afford to marry right coomfortable, an' keep her an' mither too." But Annice always laughed and bade him wait till the autumn Maybe she would think of it then; but she was in no hurry to marry, herself, and to any man aforehand. She would be sure to chan her mind next day, if she did.

At the present moment she looked very [illegible] sh had changed it for good so [illegible] Garth was concerned. She [illegible] head very high, and her cheeks under her big white sunbonnet were very red, and she walked at a pace which soon took her out of sight of the grassy bank and sandy beach, littered over with boats turned keel upward, romping bare-legged childen, and netss spread out to dry, which stretched before the little village of Alnmouth, a remote cluster of gray stone houses and red-tiled roofs midway, between Warkworth and Dunstanborough on the Northumbrian coast. To be lectured by Mrs. Garth, and told (as the widow had told her very plainly) that she was a vain, silly, spoiled child, when she had been so good—more good than she had ever been before to John on the previous evening, and had only looked in at his mother's that morning that she might help the old woman with her Monday's wash before walking all the way to Warkworth to take some work home to a lady—it was too bad! And if John had set his mother on to do it, as of course he had, she would never speak to him again—never, that she wouldn't! "Go faither an' fare wurrse, indeed!" Did John think he was the only man in the world, or the only one who would have her? Why, there was Will Robson, the young blacksmith, who would be only too pleased; and hadn't she refused Michael McBride, the hostler at the Duke's Arms, only a fortnight back? But it was like John and his mother, and she wished she had never had anything to do with him.

Poor little Annice! After all she was but 17 and a spoiled child, as Mrs. Garth had so unwisely said; and just now her indignation was flaming so high that it almost made her little feet fly over the hatd yellow sands and she was fairly out of breath by the time she reached Mrs. Plaistaw's house with her little basket of nicely finished work. She was hoping to be paid for it, and was disappointed when she found that the lady was out driving, and that she had nothing to do but to leave her parcel and wend her way home again.

It was afternoon now, and the sun was on her back, and she began to feel tired. She had risen early that morning to finish the piece of work, and had dressed her grandmother, and got the breakfast and scrubbed the kitchen, and tidied up everything in her own home before she ran up to Mrs. Garth's, looking as fresh as a rose, and quite ready to rinse and ring out shirts or sheets for her; as, indeed, Annice always was ready to help anyone, being as busy and alert as a bee: but now she was feeling disappointed and hot and tired—not to say cross; and so, after she had gone two-thirds of the way, she sat herself down to rest among the tufts of bracken covering the steep grassy slopes which rise above the beach, and are called the "links" in north-country parlance, and leaning her head back against the bank behind her, shut her eyes, and in three minutes was sound asleep in the sunshine. Above her head was the vast dome of sky, blue as any turquoise, and scattered over with long, wind-torn clouds, like wreaths of white flowers blown across an azure field. Below her feet lay the German ocean, blue too, but with a deeper blue of a sapphire, dimpling in the breeze, scintillating in the sunbeams, dotted with the white and brown sails of scores of fishing boats, scored with faint black lines of smoke from passing steamers, and stretching away to the pale, limitless horizon. Around her was the bracken, just beginning to turn brown and yellow in the glowing September sunshine. Now and then the crack of a gun sounded from distant stubble-fields; now and then a couple of white butterflies rose above the nodding harebells on the bank, and fluttered about in the summer air, tossing and jostling, dipping and curling, to and from one another in a mad aerial dance; or a long flight of gulls passed seaward with a shrill, screaming cry; but still the little figure lay there nestled into a sheltered hollow, the crisp, curly, brown-gold head thrown back among the long grass and fern-stalks, the round cheeks flushed with slumber, the pretty mouth pouting still, as if in dreams she rehearsed her past willfulness, the white kerchief on her bosom rising and falling with every regular, deep-drawn breath—as fair a picture in her unconscious youth and loveliness as any painter could have wished to copy—certainly as fair as any that ever met the eyes of a man who presently came treading along the links with a light elastic step, and just saved himself by a sudden start from stumbling over the sleeping maiden.

"The deuce!" he said then, under his breath and stood still to look at her, the first surprise merging into an expression of blended admiration and comicality.

The new-comer was no Alnmouth fisherman; that much was evident a mile off. An acute observer might have told almost as easily that he was no native of Alnmouth or its neighborhood, but simply a bird of passage—one of those unmistakable "London men" who, clad in serge and knickerbockers, and incumbered with either gun or fishing-rod or alpenstock, are to be met with in every imaginable and unimaginable corner of the mother country, except London, during the months of August and September. A good looking young fellow, too; tall and upright, with waving hair, and more than a spice of "diablerie" about the dark laughing eyes. It rushed into them now with full force as, after a few seconds' wondering contemplation of the delicate rounded lines and glowing, childlike face of the rustic sleeper, he glanced quickly round him, and muttering to himself:

"A new edition of the Sleeping Beauty. Let's hope the breaking of the spell mayn't be quite as noisy as Tennyson's version!" bent down and deliberately touched with his lips those rosy parted ones below, for whose smiles John Garth would have given all his worldly possessions. And, of course, Annice woke on the instant.

It was the lightest feather-touch or a kiss ever laid on a pretty girl's mouth, but it was enough to rouse a young woman from the light slumber of a summer's afternoon, and Annice sat up, opening a pair of wide, blue eyes, with an innocent, half-awakened bewilderment—which made her more lovely than ever in those of the audacious onlooker—and a faint, dreamy idea that John was near and had spoken to her, till becoming suddenly conscious that John was nowhere near, only a strange gentleman who was surveying her from a little distance, with an air of great gravity and propriety, she sprang to her feet with a swift accession of roses, which even spread to the little bit of round fair throat left visible by the kerchief so discreetly pinned across the shoulders of her short blue linen gown. Even Harkness doffed his cap and came a step nearer, smiling a little, albeit in a perfectly subdued and deferential manner.

"I hope I didn't disturb you, trampling past your resting place," he said, gently, reassured by seeing in the naive, untroubled innocence of her face that she was quite unconscious what it was that had roused her. "Please don't jump up. You've found a charming nook for a summer's daydream."

"Indeed, an' I will have no beesness to be asleep," said Annice, woefully ashamed and blushing. She had not the least idea what his fine words meant, but there was something in the studious gentleness of his tone which touched her ear pleasantly, and made the little coquette glance up from under her long lashes to see what the face might be like to which that voice belonged; "but the sun was sae warrm; an' I'd been a' the road to Warkworth an' back langside the san's, I think'twill be that made me do't; but I'm glad ye woke me."

"And I am sorry," said Evan; "but if you have come from Warkworth you can tell me how far off it is. I only came to Alnmouth last night, and am on my way to see the wonderful hermitage. Is it a long walk?"

"Eh, no, sir; 'twill be aboot three miles from Alnmouth. I've walked fairther an' no tired mesel'; an' the castle is a grand place, though it'll be no like Alnwick; an', indeed, for the matter o' that, there canna be any place like the duke's own palace; but ye'll ha' seen Alnwick a'ready?" and Annice looked up with such simple confidence in the belief that the first pilgrimage of any stranger must be to the duke's town and castle, that Evan Harkness felt more than willing to repeat his former experiment. He did not dare, however.

"No; I have not seen it yet. I am new to these parts. Do you live there yourself, my pretty child? If so, I'd ask you to be my cicerone."

"Indeed, no, sir; 'tis in Alnmouth I'm leeving, an' I suld ha' dune richly to be there afore noo. Ye'll no mees your way to Warkworth though, sir, for that's the castle ye can see in frent o' ye a' the way."

With which, and before he could think of any excuse for detaining her, Annice gave him a bright little smile, with just sufficient shyness in it to lend it the effect of the courtesy a south-country girl would have dropped, and tripped off, her light rounded figure poised like a flower on the little, stoutly-shod feet and trim ankles, and thrown up against a background of bright blue sea and tawny bracken, her linen gown turned up to display a bright-colored petticoat, and fluttering in the breeze; the sunlight touching her ruddy curls and the dimpled curve of cheek and arm, and glittering against the white sun-bonnet which she carried swinging in her hand.

Evan Harkness stood and looked after her, smiling still as though he liked the picture, and would have liked to follow it.

"Well, Alnmouth's a very little place," he said to himself; "and she's the only pretty girl I've seen belonging to it. I don't think it will be difficult to find her again. What a dear little mouth! If she had stayed another minute I think I must have kissed her again. I wonder if she'd have been angry."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

"My Back Aches So,

and I feel miserably" said a hard-workingman. The doctor questioned him and found that he had been habitually costive for years, that now his kidneys were disordered and his whole system deranged. Kidney-Wort was recommended and faithfully taken and in a short time every trouble was removed. The cleansing and tonic power of this medicine on the bowels and kidneys is wonderful.

feb5 TS&T&w1w

MAINE CITIES.

Jottings bv Press Correspondents.

BATH.

Heel Taps—Fire!—Personal—Rowdyism—Amusements—Commercial—Multum in Parvo.

FRIDAA, Feb. 6.

Splendid weather this.

The livery men smile.

Miss Jenniebelle Neale reads in Chelsea Theatre next Sunday evening.

Thomas P. Shaw, Esq., paymaster of the M. C. R. R., was in town today.

Mr. Harold M. Sewall, of Harvard College, spends Sunday at home.

Officer Alden Sprague gave chase last night to some rowdies who insulted him, but they escaped.

That tramp, still mourning the loss of his revolver, left town today.

The "Star" continues popular.

St. Mary's church festival in Columbian Hall this evening.

Gould and Randall each received car loads of flour from the West today.

The cabin of the Florence L. Schepp is furnished elegantly in gray and bird's eye maple and black walnut. Capt. Preble of this city commands her. She leaves port to-morrow.

Moulton is making a heater for the Macy.

Mr. C. L. Lemont has just completed a drawing, 6½ x 2½ feet in dimensions, of the Water Cove Ice Co.'s property. It is on exhibition at his studio.

According to facts and rumors there will be enough yachts and steamers in the Kennebec next season to make a bridge from Bath to Boothbay.

About 90 couples tripped the light fan. etc., at Music Hall last evening. Everybody was happy.

A soldier in army cloak stood sentinel at Centre street corner on Front street today.

The police searched the saloons of Layden and Lewis yesterday. Found nothing.

At the auction at Mr. Burgess' yesterday a $100 marble chamber set brought $55, and another set which cost $70 was knocked down for a $29 bid.

Next on the programme—a narrow gauge railroad to the Fort.

Another proposition—to turn Patten car works into a roller skating rink.

Several of our citizens have the Leadville fever.

A sad sight of the morning—a man and woman promenading on Commercial street filled with kerosene.

Wednesday afternoon Mr. Frank Powers had his thumb badly torn by contact with a circular saw.

A Bath young lady the other day caught puss with her canary in its claws. She punched the cat until letting go the bird, turning she bit the young lady in the wrist. Since the occurrence the arm has swelled to the shoulder and the lady has been seriously ill.

A fire caught last night about 10.15 o'clock in the Foye's grocery store, corner of Washington and Centre streets, because of the flooring near the stoves becoming saturated with oil. Officers Tibbets and Fife with the propuler extinquished the flames without causing a general alarm. Credit is due both officers.

Homer D. Cope, the elocutionist, will read in Columbian Hall Feb. 19th, on the occasion of the anniversary of the founding of the order of K. of P. Acadia Lodge will bring the gentleman to this city. Backus will furnish the music.

Mr. Bonney bought a baker shop.

Reading in Sagadahoc parlors in aid of Grace church Saturday afternoon.

Latest news regarding Miss McLellan's condition is scarcely more encouraging. The fever has however abated a degree.

There is much sickness in and about the city.

A Philadelphia firm will build the engine of the "Robin Hood."

Bath is to have a company of militia.

Cuticura

HUMORS OF THE SCALP.

LOSS OF HAIR.

Loss of Hair in thousands of cases is due entirely to some form of scalp disease. Seventy-five per cent. of the number of bald heads might be covered with hair by a judicious use of Cuticura, assisted by Cuticura Soap. It is the most agreeable as well as the most effective hair restorer ever produced by man. It is medicinal in the truest sense of the word. All others are some obsegenous mixture or poisonous dyes. None but Cuticura possesses the specific medical properties that enable it to cure all itching and scaly diseases that inflame and irritate the scalp and hair glands and tubes, causing premature baldness. Medium doses of the Cuticura Resolvent will purify the oil and sweat glands of the virus of scrofulous humor of the blood and insure a permanent cure, when taken in connection with the outward application of Cuticura.

SALT RHEUM AND DANDRUFF

Cured that several physicians had failed to treat successfully.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: *Gentlemen,*—I have had the Salt Rheum on my head and all through my hair, also on my legs, for the past four years, having suffered exceedingly with it. The dandruff falling from my hair was very annoying. I consulted several distinguished physicians in regard to it, and have taken their prescriptions as ordered but did not find any cure and but little relief. I was told by many persons who have the Salt Rheum, and who have been doctored for years, that there was no cure for it; that it was in the blood, and I should always have it, and I was almost inclined to agree with them, but a friend wanted me to try Cuticura, made by your firm. I did, and to my astonishment, in less than three weeks, my head was entirely free from all Salt Rheum and Dandruff, and I cannot see any appearance of Salt Rheum on my person. Respectfully yours,

GEORGE A. MUDGE.

Portsmouth, N. H., Feb. 6, 1878.

HUMOR OF THE SCALP

That was destroying the Hair cured with one box of CUTICURA.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: *Gentlemen,*—I want to tell you what Cuticura has done for me. About ten years ago my hair began falling out, caused by Humor of the Scalp. I tried various remedies, too numerous to mention, without relief, until I began using Cuticura, one box of which has entirely cured me and new hair is beginning to grow.

Respectfully, MRS. O. J. ROOT,
897 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill., Nov. 13, 1878.
We know the above to be true,
MARY E. TOWNSEND, 412 W. Jackson St.
Mrs. C. A. GRAY, 341 Fulton St.

SCALD HEAD

For Nine Years cured when all other Remedies failed.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: *Gentlemen,*—Since July last I have been using your Cuticura for Scald Head, and it has cured me when all medicines that I have taken for nine years did me no good. I am now using it as a hair dressing, but my head is well. It keeps the hair in very nice condition.

Yours truly, H. A. RAYMOND,
Auditor Fort Wayne, Jackson & Saginaw R. R.
Jackson, Mich, Dec. 20, 1878.

The Cuticura Remedies are prepared by Weeks & Potter, Chemists & Druggists, 360 Washington Street Boston, and are for sale by all Druggists. Price of Cuticura, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes containing two and one-half times the quantity of small, $1. Resolvent, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25 cents; by mail, 30 cents; three cakes, 75 cents.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS. Instantly they banish Pain and Weakness, rouse the dormant muscles into new life, stimulate the Liver and Kidneys, cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Bilious Colic, Cramps and Pains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Weak Spine, Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Back, Ague and Liver Pains.

Jan27 T,Th&S&w2w

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

DR. E. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. BOGARON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

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Vaults Cleaned V and Ashes Removed

AT from $4 to $6 per cord or $3 per load. All Orders promptly attended to by calling on or addressing R. GIBSON,
o2ddtf 588 Congress St.

LEWISTON AND AUBURN.

FRIDAY, Fe . 6.

One of our Auburn merchants is soon to marry a Portland lady.

The new drug firm, B. F. Bradford & Co., will open business next week.

Smith & Miller, the contractors, have dissolved partnership.

Dr. Wedgewood is being talked of as candidate for mayor.

Fifteen inches of snow and two inches of rain fell last month.

We understand F. G. Fulsom was seriously injured yesterday.

Treasurer Farrar is busy paying last month's bills.

So far as we can learn every manufactory of any kind in our two cities is running on full time.

That much noted Mechanic Falls case still hangs fire at court, and is the leading topic of conversation upon the street.

Daniel Moulton, druggist, had the fingers upon his right hand severely cut to-day by a glass door handle, which shattered as Mr. Moulton was closing the door.

A score or more of Mechanic Falls citizens are making their temporary home at the Elm House.

One thousand nine hundred and thirty-three cars of boots and shoes shipped from Auburn factories last week. In the corresponding time last year 962 cases were shipped.

Jacob Edwards, Esq., treasurer of the Bates Manufacturing Co., and his son Robert Edwards, of Boston, are in town. The latter has just retured from a lengthy foreign sojourn. It will be remembered a daughter of Mr. Edwards died in Paris recently.

Republican ward caucuses are to be held next Thursday evening.

Following are the newly installed officers of Tranquil Lodge, No. 29, A. F. and A. M.: A. M. Roak W. M.; A. R. Loring, S. W.; E. G. J. W.; John Pickard, T.; S F. Atwood, Sec.; H. G. Garcelon, Chap.; R. L. Harlow, Mar.; C. E. Darling, S. D.; W. F. Lord, J. D.; B. F. Metcalf, S. S.; C. E. Libby, J. S.; J. B. Jordan, Organist; G. L. Howard, Sen.; J. E. Coombs, Tyler.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Grape Cream Tartar.—No other preparation makes light, flaky hot breads, or luxurious pastry. Can be eaten by dyspeptics without fear of the ills resulting from heavy indigestible food. Sold only in cans, by all Grocers.

Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

ap30 d1y

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

REDUCED PACKAGE RATES

Between 3,000 Offices of this Co. in New England, Middle and Western States; also to offices of nearly all Connecting Lines.

—MONEY—
CURRENCY AND GOLD.

Packages not exceeding.....$20, 15c.
" " " .....$40, 20c.
" " " .....$50, 25c.

Large sums in much smaller proportion.

MERCHANDISE.

Lowest and Highest Charges, according to Distance.

Packages not exceeding

1 lb. 25c.	4 lbs. 25 to 60c.
2 lbs. 25 to 30c.	6 " 25 to 75c.
3 " 25 to 45c.	7 " 25 to $1.

PRINTED MATTER.

BOOKS, and other matter, *wholly in print*, ordered from, or sent by, dealers, &c., PRE-PAID:

2 lbs. 15c. | 3 lbs. 20c. | 4 lbs. 25c.

ORDERS FOR PURCHASING GOODS

Left with any Agent of this Co. will be promptly executed, *without expense*, other than the ordinary charge for carrying the goods.

Send your Money and Parcels by Express; cheapest and quickest, with positive security.

WM. G. FARGO, Pres't.
A. E. WINSLOW, *Agent*

ja1 d2m

Grand Trunk Railway.

Old Iron Rails for Sale.

This Company invites offers for about 8,000 Tons of Old Rails, principally of the bridge pattern, and manufactured about the year 1855. Delivery will be made on cars at Riviere-du-Loup, Point Levi (Quebec), Montreal, Toronto, Sarnia, Detroit Junction, or Black Rock, Buffalo, at the two latter places in bond, during the months of June, July and August next.

Offers, stating cash price per ton of 2,240 lbs., to be sent to the undersigned, endorsed "Tender for Old Rails," on or before 14th FEBRUARY, 1880, and from whom further particulars may be obtained.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.

ja29 3tcod

BOSTON LEAD MANUF'G CO.

Manufacturers of PURE White Lead,

Star Brand.

Red Lead and Litharge,

Pat. Tin-lined Pipe, Pure Block Tin Pipe, Copper and Iron Pumps,

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD.

Samuel Little, Pres. Wm. J. Bride, Treas.
Office, 24 & 26 Oliver St., Boston, Mass.
s94 eod&w6m

PIANO-FORTES AND ORGANS FOR THE LEAST MONEY

PIANO-FORTES AND ORGANS TO RENT

PIANO-FORTES AND ORGANS ON INSTALMENTS

PIANO-FORTES & ORGANS

W. PHASTING 441 EXCHANGE ST. PORTLAND, ME.

no8 eod3m

DENTISTRY.

F. W. LOCKWOOD,

FORMERLY AT 6 1-2 CASCO ST.

Having re-opened an office in connection with my Brother, I shall be pleased to see my former patients, and all others in need of dental work. I shall continue to do work at my former prices, and warrant all work to give satisfaction.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH $7.00 PER SET.

Gold Fillings from $1.00 upwards per cavity.

All other work in proportion. No money received until you are perfectly satisfied.

E. B. & F. W LOCKWOOD,
228 1-2 Middle st. corner Union.
Office hours 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. fe3eod1m

ALWAYS ASK FOR WEBB'S CHOCOLATE

ja29 d&w1m

VAULTS CLEANED

AND taken out at short notice, from $4 to $6 per cord or $3 per load, by addressing
nov24ddtf A. LIBBY & CO., Portland P. O

WANTS.

WANTED—Agents for the life of "the great stalwart,"
ZACHARIAH CHANDLER;
now is your chance; particulars free. W. H. THOMPSON & CO., 32 Hawley St., Boston.
fe2 d1w

Wanted.

CANVASSERS for the *easiest* selling books offered to agents. Also a few men to train and locate agents, *best commissions*. Apply at once to C. A. PAGE 146 Exchange St. Portland Me. Call between 10 and 12 a. m and 2 and 5 p. m. dc6tf

LOST AND FOUND.

PICKED UP.

Picked up adrift, a Fish Boat about fifteen feet, long, painted white, green bottom, has been newly topped, by Schooner Nellie Burns. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. In charge of W. DYER, Ferry Village, Me. feb5d3t*

BOARD.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Pleasant Rooms and Good Board. $3.50 per Week.

No. 63 Spring Street.

ja20 d3w*

TO LET.

To Let.

TWO Small Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Gas and Sebago. Apply at
201 Oxford Street.
ja20 dtf

To Let.

AT No. 99 High Street, corner of Spring, a suit of two desirable sunny rooms, unfurnished; also one attic room, furnished. Meals may be obtained next door. jan13dtf

To Let.

HOUSE and stable situated on Ocean St., Woodford's. Inquire of J. H. READ, Ocean St.
oc21 tf

To be Let.

THE Offices in Merchants' Bank Building vacated by National Traders' Bank. Fire proof vault, and heated by steam. se8dtf

House to Let at Woodford's.

A VERY pleasantly located and desirable rent on Clifton st. containing 7 rooms, French Roof with tower, thorough drainage, a good garden, 100 yards from the horse cars. Inquire of
WARREN SPARROW, 191 Middle St.
je11tf or at his residence in Deering.

Congress Hall having been put in complete order, can be secured for Dances, Parties, Lectures, &c., by applying to E. A. SAWYER, 161 Commercial St., or JAS. A. WHITNEY, 178 Middle St. oc7dtf

REAL ESTATE.

For Sale or to Let.

IN Gorham Village, the residence formerly occupied by the late Dr. Reynolds. Said property contains 1¼ acres of land, centrally located near churches, schools, P. O. and depot, large variety of fruit. For terms, address P. O. Box 13, or inquire on the premises. feb4dtf

The Insolvent Act of 1875, and Amending Acts.

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITCODIAC LUMBER COMPANY, INSOLVENTS:

FOR SALE.

THE Spool Factory situate at Petitcodiac in the Parish of Salisbury, County of Westmoreland and Province of New Brunswick, belonging to the above estate. This establishment includes the following buildings: A factory three stories in height 40 x 80 feet, filled with new machinery for the manufacture of spools, new engine of 85 H. P., two large and new sets of machinery specially arranged for the purposes of turning out large quantities of spool blocks at low cost, one Scotch blocker, one Scotch finisher, two American roughers and three American finishers, three elevators and all tools required to accompany the above, all in complete working order; also Dry House 30 x 100, small do. 20 x 50, store house 40 x 100, blacksmith shop 20 x 25, and lumber shed 25 x 200.

Such land as may be necessary for the purposes of the business will also be sold with these buildings. This factory is entirely new, situated on the line of the Intercolonial Railway sixty-five miles from the City of St. John, and can be supplied with excellent spool stock at a very low rate. Dated this 26th. day of January A. D. 1880. E. McLEOD,
ja30d1mo Assignee.

Farm for Sale.

ONE hundred and twenty-five acre farm for sale in Gorham. Inquire of WM. M. DYER, Gorham, Me. ian27eod&w2w*

FOR SALE!

A Desirable Sea Side Residence, with a superb view of the ocean. Situated in Cape Elizabeth, on the shore road, thirty minutes ride from the city of Portland. The house is large, has twelve finished rooms not including bath, wash and store room. There are also wood and ice house, grapery and henery attached, and in the cellar, a large cemented cistern. As many acres of land will be sold with the house as desired—from three to 150, all surroundings to the house—and including a large barn. This farm can be purchased with, or without the above house. Some fifty acres of the estate lie on the rock-bound coast and embrace two coves, the larger of the two producing about 300 cords of rock-weed every year and plenty of muck. The estate would make a superior milk farm as there is plenty of water, both brook and boiling spring, and good pasturage, at least 40 or more tons of hay, an abundance of the finest vegetables are grown on the place. The property will be sold for about half what it has cost, and possession given any time.

ANSWER A. S.,
ja27d2m This Office.

Houses and House Lots for Sale

IN DEERING.

Apply to CHARLES RICH,
oc15tf 15 Exchange St., Portland, Me.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

MAINE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 198 Middle Street.

THE Annual Meeting of this corporation will be held at their banking room on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of February, 1880, at 3 o'clock p. m.

SAMUEL ROLFE, President.
A. G. ROGERS, Secretary and Treasurer.
feb5 dtd

BUSINESS CARDS.

REMOVAL.

JAMES O'DONNELL,
Counsellor-at-Law,

Has removed to Clapp's Block, cor. Exchange and Federal Sts., (over Loring's Drug Store), Portland.

Commissioner of Deeds for other States.
no11 d3m

Dr. C. J. CHENEY,
DENTIST,
258 MIDDLE STREET,
Over H. H. Hay's.
Artificial teeth inserted, from one tooth to a full set.
Teeth filled, cleansed and extracted in the best possible manner and at low prices.
Residence, 84 High, corner Pleasant St. tf

DRUMMOND & DRUMMOND,
Counsellors-at-Law,
CENTENNIAL BLOCK,
93 Exchange St.
JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, JR.
no26 dtf

J. A. STROUT,
Mining Stock Broker.
Dealer in ACTON, PORTLAND ACTON, ATLANTIC, MINERAL HILL and other MINING STOCKS.
93 Exchange St., Centennial Block.
dec5 dtf

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Accountant and Notary Public.
GEO. C. CODMAN, Office No. 184 Middle Street, Portland.

Horse Shoeing
By S. YOUNG & CO., Practical Horse Shoers, 70 Pearl Street.

Real Estate Agents.
JOHN C. PROCTER, No. 93 Exchange Street.

Book Binders.
WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printers' Exchange No. 111 Exchange Street.
SMALL & SHACKFORD, No. 35 Plum Street.
W. H. OHLER, Sewing Machine Repairer, 3 Marie's Terrace, in the Rear of 292 Congress Street. my24dly

Corns, Bunions
Bad Nails, Chilblains, Rheumatism, and all Diseases of the Feet treated without pain
Warm Rheumatic Medicated Foot Baths a Specialty.
DR. E. F. ARMAND,
Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 16 Market Square, Portland. ja20eod1m

HEALTH LIFT ROOMS,
237 Middle Street,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
J. H. GAUBERT, Proprietor
dtf

RAILROADS.

Rumford Falls & Buckfield RAILROAD.

Leave Canton at 4.30 and 9.40 a. m. Leave Mechanic Falls 7 a. m., 3.15 p. m.; Portland at 1.30 p. m.; Lewiston at 2 p. m.
WASHBURN, JR., President.
Portland Oct 13, 1879. oc13tf

Eastern Railroad,
FALL AND WINTER SCHEDULE.
October 13, 1879.

Trains Leave Portland

2 a. m. Daily except Mondays, (Night Express from Bangor) for Saco, Biddeford, Portsmouth, Newburyport, Salem, Lynn and Boston. A special Pullman Sleeping Car will be ready for occupancy in Portland at 9 p. m. and will be attached to this train. Passengers have a full night's rest and arrive in Boston at 6.30 a.m. in season for all morning trains South and West.

8.45 a. m. Daily except Sundays. For Boston and way stations, arriving at 1.30 p. m.

1 p. m. Daily except Sundays. Express train with Pullman Parlor Car for Saco, Biddeford, Portsmouth, Newburyport, Salem, Lynn and Boston, arriving at 5.30 p.m. in season for Sound and Rail connections South and West.

For Portland, leave Boston,

7.30 a